### Iraq accuses Iran of subversion

BEIRUT, Jan. 3 (R) — Iraq advised Arab countries today to sever diplomatic relations with Iran, because of alleged subversion. The Iraqi News Agency (INA) quoted a foreign ministry spokesman as saying that Iran's diplomatic missions had become "dens for subversive activities." He said Iraq "believes it will be wise for the Arab countries to expel Iranian diplomatic missions and establishments in their territories, and to sever their diplomatic links with the Persian regime in Tehran." The Iranian charge d'affaires in Bahrain was declared persona non grata last month after the Bahraini authorities said they had foiled an Iranian-hacked plot to stage a coup in the state.

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### Public holiday announced for Thursday

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (Petra) - A communique issued by the prime minister's office announced today that all government departments and public institutions will be closed on Thursday Jan. 7 on Prophet Mohammad's Birthday ann-

### Hospital for mentally ill to be built

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (Petra) - A 200-bed hospital for treating mentally ill people will be built in Fubeis in 24 months, according to an agreement signed at the Ministry of Health today. Under the agreement, the JD 2.25 million hospital will be constructed on a 10 dunum plot of land in the town of Fuheis. The hospital complex will include a living quarter for doctors and nurses as well as an auditorium that would seat 350 people. The hospital will not be treating acute and chronic cases of mental illnesses only but also cases of drug addiction and alcoholism. The agreement was signed by Health Minister Zuheir Malhas and the general manager of a local construction firm which will start implementing the project next week.

### Electrification completed

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (Petra) -The electrification of the Jordan Phosphates Mines company's Al Gharfeb line was completed today. Recently, the lines extending from Al Qatraneb to Al Hasa area bave been electrified with a 132 kilovolts. The voltage of Al Hasa power transformer at the phosphates mines site there has been increased to 50 megavolts. The linkage of the main power transformer with the diesel power generator of the company is expected to be completed soon at a voltage of 6 6 kilovolts

### Israel starts talks with Jewish settlers

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM. Jan. 3 (R) — Negotiations started in Tel Aviv today between the government and settlers on financial compensation for homes and businesses left behind when the northern Sinai is evacuated before being handed back to Egypt on April 26. The Israeli cabinet also empowered a ministerial defence committee to deal with the exacuation of Jewish settlers from the area and fix a final date for the withdrawal. The settles had earlier threatened violence if their demands were not met but last week agreed to renew negotiations and accept the final arbitration of Deputy Prime Minister Simha Ehrlich. They received notices from the government last week to evacuate the area by March 31. A cahinet spokesman said today this deadline no longer applied.

### 4 killed in plane crash

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 3 (R) - Four people were killed when a privately-owned light plane crashed on a highway 25 km north of Pretoria today, the South African press association said. Witnesses said the plane began losing height and appeared to attempt a landing on the highway when it crashed and burst into flames. Four of the six occupants died in the wreckage and the two others were taken to hospital.

# Haig to visit

CAIRO, Jan. 3 (A.P.) - U.S. Scoretary of State Alexander Hais will probably visit Egypt and larged later this month, Foreign Minister Kamal Has-

## Israeli jets violate Iraqi airspace for 2nd time in 5 days

BEIRUT, Jan. 3 (R) — Iraq said today that Israeli fighter aircraft had violated its airspace for the second time in five days but had been driven off by Iraqi aircraft.

The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said two Israeli F-15 planes flew 60 km over Iraq's western desert at a remote point on the frontier with Saudi Arabia.

This was roughly the route Israeli bombers were reported to have followed in June when they flew to Baghdad to attack Iraq's

nuclear reactor. Quoting a military spokesman, the agency said Iraqi aircraft intercepted the Israeli planes and The incident happened at 1422

local time (1122 GMT) near the border point of Magar An Naam, the agency said. All the Iraqi air-craft returned safely to base, it

forced them to leave Iraqi air-

On Dec. 30 Iraq reported a similar incident and later accused Israel of working with Iran.

Iraq said Israel sent the planes to ease pressure on Iranian troops facing Iraqi forces on the hai-

Israel declined comment on the

## **Explosion sets fire to** pipeline carrying Iraqi oil

BEIRUT, Jan. 3 (R) - An explosion today set fire to a newlyreopened pipeline in north Lebanon carrying crude oil from Iraq to the Lebanese port of Tripoli and oil industry sources said it could have been sabotage.

There was no immediate indication of who may have been responsible for the explosion, which came a day after unidentified attackers shelled an oil tanker in Tripoli port as it was being loaded with 150,000 barrels of oil.

State radio said the pipeline blast started a huge fire and firemen from neighbouring Syria were being called in to help tight the blaze.

The pipeline, a spur of a line that crosses Syria to the port of Baniyas, reopened 10 days ago after being disused for five years. It meant a significant increase in Iraq'soil exports, which have been hit by its 15-month-old war with

The radio quoted the director of oil installations in Tripoli, Walid Mawlawi, as saying instructions had been issued to shut off the pipeline.

It said the blast occurred five km south of the Syrian border, near the village of tall Abbas Al Gharbi, the radio said.

The pipeline spur to Tripo b had been closed because of civil strife in Lebanon and disputes between Syria and Iraq over transit dues.

Since the Gulf war broke out, Iraq's main oil terminals on the Gulf have been closed and Baghdad has relied on two pipeline system to the Mediterranean, one through Syria with the branch to Lebanon, and the other through

Turkey. Iraq's Deputy Oil Minister Abdul Mouneim Samarrai was quoted last month as saying that his country's oil exports were down to 600,000 barrels per day (b/d) from more than three million before the war.

Lebanese oil industry sources said when the Tripoli branch reopened that it would increase this by about 200,000 b/d.

After the explosion was announced, state radio broadcast an appeal from Oil and Industry Minister Mohammad Youssef Beydown for people not to stockpile

negotiations but it is not up to us to

Mr. Cheysson was explaining

his statement in Israel last month

that Western Europe should not

initiate peace moves in the Middle

aroused criticism in Arab con-

ntries which had looked forward

to a more active European role in

settling the Palestinian problem.

Egyptian Foreign Minister

The remark pleased Israel but

petrol and other refined products. He said the rupture of supplies from Iraq would not cause any immediate shortages because crude oil tanks at the refinery at Tripoli were full. There were also ample stocks of refined products,

The incident coincided with reported efforts of a bid by Arab countries, among them Syria, to end the war between Iraq and

### Kuwaiti prince confers with Iraqi envoy

KUWAIT, Jan. 3 (A.P.) - Iraqi ambassador to Kuwait, Abdul Jabar Omar Ghani, said today his country "supported" efforts to end the war between his country and Iran but reiterated Irag's conditions for a peaceful settlement to the bostilities.

The Iraqi diplomat spoke after holding talks with Kuwaiti foreign minister Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad in what appeared to be a first step in a Kuwaiti effort to mediate an end to the Gulf war.

Mr. Ghani said that "Iraq's stand towards the reported efforts to bring the Iraqi-Iranian war to a stop in crystal clear."

### 997 Iranians killed, Iraq says

BEIRUT, Jan. 3 (R) - Iraq said today its forces bad killed 997 Iranians for the loss of 58 Iraqis over the past 24 hours, with most of the enemy losses coming in a fierce battle in the mountains of Kur-

The Iraqi high command's daily communique said 907 Iranians had been killed in the battle around the Iranian border village of Nowsud on the northern sector of

the battlefront. It said Iraqi planes had also been in action in the north hut gave no details.

The mountains of Kurdistan straddle the Iraq-Iran border and are home to Kurdish tribesmen.

Cheysson: Mideast peace should

come from within regional forces

### Italian foreign minister to arrive here Thursday

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (Petra) — Italian Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo will arrive here Thursday evening leading an official delegation of senior Italian foreign ministry officials on an official visit of four days to Jordan.

Mr. Colombo will meet with a number of senior Jordanian officials during this visit. He will meet with Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem to discuss strengthening relations of friendship between Jordan and Italy. They will also discuss political issues relating to the region and international issues of mutual concern.

Mr. Colombo will also be accompanied by an information and a press delegation in addition to the official delegation.

### Qasem receives Finnish, W. German ambassadors

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (Petra) - Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem conferred in his office today with the newly appointed Finnish Amhassador to Jordan V, Hietanen. The ambassador handed Mr. Qasem a copy of his credentials as ambassador to Jordan.

Mr. Qasem also today received in his office the West German ambassador to Jordan Hermann Munz. They discussed ways of further boosting West German-Jordanian relations,

### Crown Prince to patronise conference on fertilisers

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (J.T.) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan will patronise the first Arab conference on chemical fertilisers which will be held in October. Chairman and Director-General of the Arab Potash Company Ali Al Khasawneh has said.

Mr. Khasawneb explained that the conference aims at developing Arab coordination in the industry of chemical fertilisers and crystallising ideas that will serve Arab economic integration. He added that the three-day conference will discuss the future of compound fertilisers in the Arab World, and the importance of developing the use of chemical fertilisers in the Arab states and its relation with food security, in addition to boosting the trade exchange of these fer-

Mr. Khasawneh said that a marginal technical meeting will also be held to assess the economic feasibility of small complexes for producing fertilisers. Another economic meeting will be held on the modernisation of economic and statistical information about chemical fertilisers, he added.

Meanwhile, the Arab Chemical Fertiliser Federation has decided to set up a committee to prepare for this conference comprising the chairman and the deputy chairman of the federation, Mr. Khasawneb and Arab Mining Company Director Thabet Al Taher.

### Price of soft drinks raised

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (J.T.) - The government today raised the price of locally-bortled soft drinks by more than 65 per cent and banned imports of all gaseous drinks. A defence order issued by Minister of Supply Ibrahim Ayyoub

fixed the price of a case of 24 bottles, each 25 centilitres, at JD 1.050 compared to the previous price of JD 0.570 for wholesalers, and S0 fils per bottle compared to the previous price of 30 fils for the retailer. The defence order also fixed the price of a case of 12 bottles, each

2S centilitres, at JD 1.460 for wholesalers compared to the previous price of JD 0.130. It also fixed the price of a 35.5-centilitre soft drink cup at restaurants, hotels and resorts at 7.5 fils per cup. The defence order requests all companies producing soft drinks to

continue their production in all parts of the country and to provide gaseous drinks at suitable prices. The defence Order also requests the companies producing soft drinks not to charge any commission for distribution, and to draw the attention of truck drivers and distributors to this effect. The defence order will go into force as of tomorrow, Jan. 4 and

prohibits the offer of new types of soft drinks except with the approval of the competent authorities. The defence order warns contraveners that they will be penalised by law in case of violation of these fixed prices.

Meanwhile, the minister of supply has issued another defence order banning the import of all types of soft drinks as of tomorrow.

### Australian parliamentarians tour camp, meet officials

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (Petra) - Visiting Australian parliamentary delegation today called at the Schneller refugee camp east of

The two-member delegation looked into the conditions of refugees and were briefed on services

offered to them

orters if a European role bad dim-

mished, replied: "Of course not.

Europe has its own natural wei-

sultarive Council (NCC) Ahmad The delegation, comprising

They were briefed on the NCC's activities and exchanged views on current world and Arah affairs, particularly those pertaining to the Middle East and the Palestine

Australian Labour Party spo-

kesman on industry John Cerin,

and Dr. J. Verrier, member of the

parliament's foreign affairs com-

mittee also today called on Pre-

sident of the National Con-

problems. Under-secretary of the Ministry of Information Peter Salah also conferred with the Atistralian delegation. He spoke about Jordan's stand with regard to the Palestine problem and its demand for the establishment of a just and comprehensive Middle East set-

### Jordan, Bulgaria sign agreement

anising overland transport.

Under the appendix all vehicles from both countries transporting goods or passengers in Bulgaria or Jordanian territory shall abide by regulations, and pay fees and tolls imposed by either government in

The protocol was signed by Transport Minister Ali Suheimat and the Bulgarian non-resident ambassador to Jordan Mr. Gueorga Yankov Gueorgiev.

# Gulf Council urges Arabs to unite behind Fahd plan

MANAMA, Bahrain, Jan. 3 (A.P.) — The assistant secretarygeneral of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) urged the Arabs today to put Israel on the spot hy unanimously endorsing the Saudi Arabian Mideast peace plan.

"If the Arahs were united (on the Saudi peace plan) then Israel would be put on the spot by a unanimous Arah political stance capable of preventing it from dealing with any Arah power individually." Ihrahim Hammoud Al Sobhi told the Saudi press agency.

The Fahd plan calls on Israel to relinquish all Arab territory taken during the 1967 war, dismantle all settlements on Arah regions, accept an independent Palestinian state with Jerusalem as its capital. It also implies Arah-wide recognition of Israel.

Syria, Libya, the Palestine Liheration Organisation (PLQ) and other Arah powers have either rejected or voiced reservations about the Fahd plan. Prince Fahd bas explained that

a recognition of Israel hinged on its acceptance of his plan in its ent-

The Saudi foreign minister. Prince Saud Al Faisal, was quoted

today as reiterating that the kingdom would accept Israel if it recognised Palestinian rights and relinquished occupied Arah ter-

Prince Saud's statement, which came in an interview with the New York Times, prompted assertions by Arah diplomats that the Saudi formula was gaining ground in the Arab arena,

These diplomats said that Syria, Libya, the PLO and other Arah powers have eased their opposition to the plan, which was to be submitted to the U.S. administration as the unified policy of the Arabs.

This unity would certainly gain S. backing and put Israel on the spot," said one United Arah Emirates diplomat, who requested anonymity, "The least the Arabs should do under the circumstances is to show the United States and Israel that they are united on what they want and what they do not

Prince Saud's statement drew no immediate editorial comment in the Gulf region.

The Saudi plan bas been endorsed by the Gulf Cooperation Council, which unites Saudi Ara-

bia, Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates. Bahrain. Qatar and Oman in an economic cooperation and collective security pact.

Israel has rejected the plan, and officials in Tel Aviv were quoted today as dismissing Prince Saud's statement on the eventuality of Arah recognition of the Israel.

"If Faisal is really interested in peace, he knows our address and where to approach," said one Is:aelf official, obviously insisting on a Saudi peace move resembling that of late Egyptian leader Anwar Sadat who visited Israel in November 1977.

The Israeli officials rejected Prince Saud's statement as a "preconditions for peace.

Saudi Arabia, along with most other Arah powers, have opposed the U.S.-sponsored peace process between Egypt and Israel and boycotted the Egyptian regime for signing a separate peace with Isr-

The Saudi-led Gulf group says that the Fahd plan constitutes an effective alternative to the Egyptian-Israeli peace. The Sauhave insisted on Arah unanimity to any comprehensive Mideast peace.

## Eitan's term extended a 5th year

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Jan. 3 (A.P.) — The Israelt government today extended the term of chief of staff Lt. Gen. Rafael Eitan to an unprecedented fifth year, despite his political views that have sometimes landed him in

Begin, in a statement released after a cabinet meeting, called Gen. Eitan "one of the greatest commanders" in Israeli history and an example of "courage, devotion and wisdom."

But critics have blasted him for his hardline politics. Last year Egypt delayed a trip by the Israeli general after he warned that the assassination of president Anwar Sadat could lead Egypt to renew on its peace treaty.

Soon after his appointment in Prime Minister Menachem April 1978 he said in an interview that the occupted West Bank was essential for Israel's defence. A military spokesman said that

after serving a fifth year, Gen. Eitan will have led the armed forces longer than Moshe Dayan,

staff is appointed for three years. and a one-year extension is com-Gen. Eitan. 52, has a reputation as a touch soldier who was wou-

Yitzhak Rabin or any of his other

eight predecessors. The chief of

nded in action a dozen times. He demands strict discipline from the ranks, but has come under fire for reducing the sentences of several officers con-

victed of offences ranging from corruption to murdering an Arab prisoner of war.

### Birzeit students barred from lectures

3 (R) - Six members of the Birzeit University student council have been confined to their home towns and will be harred from lectures when the university reopens tomorrow, Israel radio reported

The university was closed down by the military authorities two

Military sources said Israel Arah residents.

tomorrow.

imposed a curfew on the town of Rafah in the occupied Gaza Strip today following anti-Israeli demonstrations there vesterday by

The sources said the residents hurned tyres and stoned Israeli

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Jan. months ago after anti-Israeli pro- soldiers in protest against establishment of a civilian administration to replace the military

government. They also object to terms of the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty under which balf of the town will teturn to Egyptian control next April while the other half stays

the meeting and none of the par-

ticipants stopped to talk with rep-

orters as they left the estate of mil-

lionaire publisher Walter Ann-

enherg, where Mr. Reagan was

officials began discussing the pos-

sibility of a Reagan-Allen meeting

But it was after the meeting that

under Israeli occupation.

## Allen may be replaced by Clark today

PALM SPRINGS, California. Jan. 3 (A.P.) - The White House investigation of Richard Allen could be finished as early as tomorrow, leading to a meeting between the president and the national security adviser who White House officials say will be replaced with William P. Clark.

As President Reagan returns tomorrow to the White House after a week-long vacation in California, one of his top priorities will be clearing up the Allen issue and overhauling the White House foreign policy operation. Mr. Allen, Mr. Reagan's nai-

ional security assistant since the administration took office, has been on administrative leave with pay since Nov. 29 while the Justice Department investigated the circumstances surrounding \$1,000 found in a safe in an office once used by Mr. Allen.

Mr. Allen has said the money was given by representatives of a Japanese magazine who interviewed First Lady Nancy Reagan last Jan. 21. The Justice Department announced on Jan. 23 that it had cleared Mr. Allen of any wrongdoing.

Meanwhile, there were strong signals that Mr. Reagan's top advisers would like Mr. Allen to resign, thus saving the president the trouble of firing him.

Those signals followed comments by one top Reagan aide that if Mr. Allen is ousted or leaves voluntarily, the unanimous choice of Mr. Reagan's inner circle for a successor would be Mr. Clark, the deputy secretary of state and one of the most senior members of Mr. Reagan's inner circle of political friends from California.

A meeting with Mr. Allen was said by Presidential Counsellor Edwin Meese to be likely as soon as the investigation to determine if Mr. Allen violated the govemment code of ethics is com-

pleted. That could be as early as

One top official, who declined to be named, said that if Mr. Allen resigned and was cleared by the investigation being conducted by deputy White House counsel Richard Hauser, be knew of no reason wby Mr. Allen wouldn't be given another job in the adm-

Mr. Reagan, breaking his vacation routine, met yesterday with Secretary of State Alexander Haig, Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger, Deputy White House Chief of Staff Michael Deaver, and Mr. Clark. There was no official report on

tomorrow, indicating that a final decision was near. A White House spokesman said today that Mr. Allen had asked Presidential Counsellor Edwin Meese for a meeting with Mr. Reagan. While none such meeting was on the schedule, "it could come as early as tomorrow," said

the spokesman.

## Welsh extremists accused of planting England bombs

LONDON, Jan. 3 (R) — Welsh extremists appear to have brought a violent campaign for Welsh home rule to England for the first time with bomb attacks in London, Birmingham and Stratford-on-Avon. police said today.

Police said they believed yesterday's explosions, which injured no one and caused only minor damage, were connected but said they knew little about the various shadowy naoonalist groups claiming responsibility.

The targets were a Birmingham-based water authority which supplies England with millions of gallons of Welsh water a day, a property company in Stratford-on-Avon building holiday homes in Wales and a London office of Britain's national coal board.

Among the groups claiming responsibility in telephone calls to the media was the so-called Workers' Army of the Welsb Republic. It also wrote to newspapers after fire-bombs were found in two Welsh towns just before a visit last October by Prince Charles, heir to

the British throne, and his wife, Diana, Princess of Wales. Bombs in England are a new development in Welsb extremism. Over the past three years an arson campaign by unknown Weish militants had wrecked 60 holiday homes in Wales.

Plaid Cymru, the Welsb nationalist party, has led the main battle to save the ancient Celtic language now spoken by only one in five of the 2.5 million Welsh, and to fight what it sees as economic exploitation of Wales by England.

But the party, with two seats in the British parliament, has stur's firmly to peaceful methods.

Plaid Cymru President Dafydd Wigley said today it condemned all

# Egypt, Israel

san Ali said today.

CAIRO, Jan. 3 (R) - French Kamal Hassan Ali, who was also External Affairs Minister Claude at the meeting, said that in Egypt's view all countries were invited to Chevsson said today that peace in the Middle East should come from press ahead with peace efforts, forces within the region and shothough much depends on the continued work of Middle East uld not be imposed from outside. "We hope peace will not be the countries.'

result of an accord arranged by the Egypt implicitly criticised Mr. Cheysson last month by saying it superpowers...we cannot go into action unless the forces of the area wanted to see a concerted position ask us to," he told reporters after a from the European Economic meeting with Egyptian President Community (EEC). France appeared to have broken community Hosni Mubarak. "We should be ready to support ranks by dismissing a proposed and guarantee the results of any EEC initiative.

Deputy Foreign Minister Boubring the peoples of the region together," he added. tros Ghali said last week Egypt was still eager to see West Europe act provided its initiative was combined with the efforts of the United States.

At a dinner for Mr. Cheysson's last night, Mr. Ali said Egypt saw the EEC's Venice Declaration and subsequent West European statements as a reinforcement of the U.S.-sponsored Camp David peace process.

Mr. Mubarak, asked by rep-

Hernu, who is also in Cairo. Egypt has submitted a lengthy list of arms it wants France to pro-

vide and Mr. Hernu said France had agreed to sell Egypt some of its latest Mirage 2000 combat air-Mr. Hernu was expected to give more details of the deal at a news

conference later today.

the United States,

submarines, fast torpedo boats, air-to-air missiles and laserguided Durandal bombs. Egypt last year bought 30 French Alpha jet tactical ground support planes and 14 F-1 interceptors, making France its second largest supplier of arms after

The Egyptian arms list includes

Mr. Cheysson said he and Mr. Mubarak had followed up the president's talks yesterday with French Defence Minister Charles

> AMMAN, Jan. 3 (Petra) - Jordan and Bulgaria today signed an appendix protocol to a bilateral agreement signed in 1970 on org-

its territory.

# Tourist arrivals up 21 per cent

By Dina Matar Special to the Jordan Times

ACCORDING TO the 1980 annual report of the Ministry of Tourism, the number of arrivals in 1980 registered a 21.7 per cent

increase over the 1979 figure. The recently-published report indicated that some 1.486.810 tourists entered the country via various horder posts in 1980. compared to 1,203,002 for 1979. The two figures, however, exclude the number of Muslim pilgrims who entered Jordan on their way to Saudi Arabia.

The report also showed that according to Central Bank Statistics, tourism revenues stood at JD 160 million for 1980, compared to the 1979 revenues of JD 133.4 million. Tourist expenditure also increased, going up from JD 89.72 million in 1979 to JD 105,000 million in 1980.

Although no official statistics are yet available for 1981, the total number of arrivals during the first eight months of the year stood at 977.608 — less than one per cent more than the 1980 figure for the same period, which stood at

Officials at the Ministry of Tourism attribute the relatively small increase in the number of arrivals to the fact that in 1980 some 50,000 Syrians entered Jordan for one reason or another, whereas the number dwindled drastically in 1981. However, nationals of other countries registered substantial increases over the 1980 figure. There was a 26.5 per cent increase in the number of European arrivals, a 16.9 per cent increase in the number of Americans. and a 76.6 per cent increase in the number of arrivals from Japan and Australia.

For the last four months of 1981, officials predict at least a 15 per cent increase over the 1980 figure for the same period. Estimates stand at 415,000 tourists entering the country in 1981 while the 1980 number was only 379.000 the Ministry of Tourism's marketing advisor, Abdul Rahman Al Bahri, told the Jordan

On the face of it, it seems that 1981 has been a good year in terms of revenues. Mr. Bahri said that the 1981 tourism revenues are estimated at about JD 180 milernational and lucrative markets were launched, Mr. Hamarneh

orous marketing campaigns in int-

But, what has paved the way for more traffic is the fact that the private sector, comprising tour operators, hoteliers and Alia, the national carrier, bave joined forces with the government in what has been described as a radical step on part of the government to gain more elbow room for private sector participation.

lion, compared to JD 160 million

for 1980. Jordan's unprecedented

growth in this sector has forced the

government to triple its inv-

estment in tourism under its new

five-year plan (1981-1985). A

iump from \$60 million allocated

to tourism projects in the previous

plan (1976-1980) to \$160 million

in the next underlines Jordan's

achievement in this field, Mr.

According Tourism Director

General Michael Hamarneh, tou-

rism has brought quick economic

returns, and the increased hudget

will enable Jordan to heighten its

profile in lucrative markets, like

the United States, the Far East

and Australia. For 1982, Jordan

has set its goal at two million vis-

itors a year, but it is not looking for

mass tourism. "Jordan is a country

with scarce natural resources, like

water and electricity, and we do

not want to strain these resources

by attracting a large number of

tourists from far and wide," Mr.

Hamarneh told the Jordan Times.

And, in a bid to attract special

groups to visit the country, Jordan

has adopted a new marketing app-

roach. During the past year, vig-

Bahri said.

Gone are the days when mere slogans on huge posters were sufficient to promote the country. and competition for the market has become a 'cut-throat' business. "If we do not include the private sector, we will need more money and effort to market the country abroad," Mr. Bahri said. Jordanian officials, it seems, bave come to terms with the fact that the private sector should have a say in the business, and the private sector has been quick to get the message, Millions of dinars have been poured in the construction of botels and resthouses, as well as in upgrading services in an effort to present Jordan as an attractive touristic spot.

We want to establish Jordan as a destination and distribution centre in the Middle East," Mr. Hamarneb says. "We are trying to approach ethnic groups in the American market, which is a potential source of tourists."

Mr. Hamarneh pointed out that the European market "has always brought good business, but that does not mean we have to neglect

Jordanian officials, who have

neelected the Far East, for a long time, are now trying to lure tourists, as well as other potential visitors from that lucrative market. Trips to Japan and Taiwan have been organised and tour operators, as well as hoteliers, have taken part in the difficult task of attracting Japanese and other nationalnies to visit Jordan. "However, we have to make their long trip worthwhile. It is not as easy as tapping the Scandinavian market. where the sun and beach attract thousands a year." Mr. Bahri exp-

lained. Jordans marketing policy. which bas changed form a public relations' to a more "businesslike" approach, has been compounded by the fact that the country, in a year's time, will become sufficient in terms of hotels and hotel beds. Twenty new hotels, costing some JD 35.5 million will be completed by the end of 1982. bringing the total number of hotels to 107. The hotels, providing for 4429 new heds, will reduce the strain on the 7,700 available beds, thus luring more visitors to extend their average two-day stay in the country.

Jordan is also upgrading some of its services, especially in touristic spots. like Petra, where a new five-star hotel to be completed next year will provide visitors to the rock city with a chance to prolong their stay there. Aqaba, has also undergone major facelift projects, besides a variety of attractions like scuba diving to help promote Jordan's only sea resort

According to officials, it is now the private sector that bas to take

hotel staff, and five years from now, Jordan will be self-sufficient over, in the sense that it should raise the standard of services in the country. Some travel agent in terms of its local hotel manpower, not at the expense of tousocieties have been carrying out courses to upgrade the standard of With all the shortcomings of the their employees, the Hotel Training College is now offering a tourist guide course and efforts husiness, Jordan has attracted lots of potential visitors every year. are being concentrated on setting 'In fact, the business has grown 50

up opportunities for tourism-

passengers to the country, plans to

break new grounds in 1982 to

Manila, Seoul and Singapore.

With the carrier's acquisition of

three more wide-bodied aircraft.

Alia Chairman Ali Ghandour

predicts a 20 per cent increase in

flying hours. Alia also plans pio-

neer routes to Rio de Janeiro and

Abidjan, two routes geared to att-

ract Arab nationals living there.

Alia officials predict that the pas-

senger business would increase

from the 1981 figure of 1.4 million

Jordan's plans to spend so much

money on attracting tourists,

while some facilities are still not

up to the standard, have been reg-

arded with scepticism by some.

"Why should Jordan spend so

much money while services are

neglected" they ask. Mr. Ham-

arneh has a ready answer. "If Jor-

dan neglected attracting traffic, it

would lose the business in the

end." he says, "While we attract

tourists, we are running many cou-

rses to upgrade the quality of our

to 1.75 million in 1982.

olve the private sector," Mr. minded young men and women at Hamarneb said. one of Jordan's two universities to enrol in courses aimed at hig-"Lots of international tour operators are now putting Jordan on hlighting Jordan's attractions and their itineraries, and we are now cooperating with the private secfacilities. Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, has long assumed tor to the mutual benefit of all," he the role of Jordan's amhassador at

much that we could not but inv-

large, and, in a bid to bring in more The Ministry of Tourism is now formulating plans to set up dom-estic tourism, and local sites like Dibbin have been spruced up to attract as many visitors as possible. Mr. Hamarneh expressed his wish that everyhody, including the people themselves, should get involved. "That does not mean that our role would become more or less undermined," he said. "On the contrary, we all have to work together to bring out the best in our country."

'We, as a government institution, would like to take the initiative, but tourism is a time and money consuming job, and travel agents, hoteliers and the like should take part in promoting the country," he said.

Travel agents, on the other hand, feel that they have been left out of the tourism equation for long. "Although there has been a shift in attitudes, only the Ministry of Tourism and Alia have been involved in promoting Jordan over the years, "Mr. Munir Nas-

sar, manager of international Traders, a local tour agency, told

the Jordan Times.

Mr. Nassar said that business in 1981 has not been good compared to that of 1980. "For one reason or another, like the closure of bridges in the face of tourists going to the West Bank via Jordan, and the world economic recession, the number of groups has declined in 1981," he said. "But, on the brighter side, we will pick up next year," he said, adding that his. agency will tap new markets like the Far East this time. "This is a market that we have neglected for some time, although it is very lucrative and will bring in good bus-

iness," he said. Mr. Nasser maintained that-Jordan still lacks proper infrastructure and trained botel staff and this has conveyed an untrue image of Jordan. "What we really need is more concerted communal efforts by all parties concerned in the tourism industry."

Mr. Nassar added that although some improvements have taken shape in the past few years, "we still need more. I just hope that the security procedures at Jordan's horder posts would become updated and less wearisome in the near future."

Hotels in Jordan compared to those in the neighbouring conntries, offer cheaper rates but better services, commented many people. And, hoteliers are now launching programmes to upgrade their services and the standard of their staff as well, since the proliferation of hotels has left no outlet for hotel proprietors but to raise their services.

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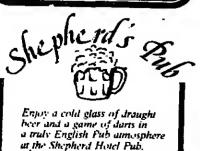
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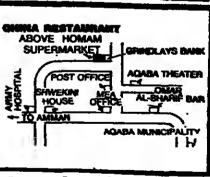
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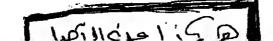
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## **NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS**

Jordan invited to ALO council meeting

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (Petra) - The Ministry of Labour has recieved an invitation to attend the ninth session of the Arab Labour Organisation (ALO) council which will meet in Baghdad on Jan. 23. The council will review ALO activities during 1980 and 1981, programmes planned for 1982 and the 1983 budget, according to Labour Undersecretary Tayseer Abdul Jaber, who will represent Jordan at the four-day meeting. He said the council will also study social security conditions of Palestinians and a report on the possibility of establishing an Arab institute for labour health and safety. In addition, Dr. Abdul Jaber said, the council will study a memorandum calling for observing a solidarity day with the Palestinian people and workers.

Scholarship, training needs requested

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (J.T.) — The National Planning Council (NPC) has requested all government ministries and departments to sub-mit reports on their needs of scholarships and training courses for 1982. The reports have to be received before Jan. 15, in order to enable NPC officials to draw up plans for scholarships and tra-ming courses held abroad. An NPC circular to these ministries and departments also specified qualifications of any employee nominated for a scholarship or training course outside Jordan. Most important is the employee's proficiency in English his, or her, success in prescribed examinations.

Truck parking banned in Zarqa streets

ZARQA, Jan. 3 (Petra) - Lorries have been banned from parking along several streets of Zarqa's commercial district to facilitate the movement of pedestrians doing their shopping, it was announced here today. Trucks are not to park along Baghdad, King Hussein, King Faisal, Sheikh Abdullah, Prince Shaker and Al Hamra streets. However, trucks will be allowed to park for 15 minutes along these streets for loading or unloading.

Keilani to head AWSA

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (J.T.) — A royal decree has been issued approving a decision by the Amman Water Sewerage Authority (AWSA) to appoint Mohammad Saleh Al Keilani, technical director of the Jordan Electricity Company, as AWSA director general, Al Ra'i newspaper reported today.

Tal inspects tawiihi halls

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (Petra) - Education Minister Sa'id Al Tal today inspected a number of examination halls, where students in Amman are sitting for the mid-year session of the General Secondary Certificate (tawjihi) Examinations. Nearly 40,000 students of the third secondary stage sat for the first exam today in 471 halls around the country. The examination session will last

Yarmouk sponsors Aqaba banking course

AQABA, Jan. 3 (Petra) - Yarmouk University's Continuing Education and Community Service Department today opened a four-month bank services training course. The course, opened here by University President Adnan Badran is designed to raise the standard and improve the efficiency of employees of local Bank branch in Agaba are 30 participants from the public and private sectors. Dr. Badran also today distributed diplomas to participants in a higher administration course also organised here by Yarmouk University. Thirty participants, mostly directors of public institutions in Aqaba, took part in the week-long course.

# Zarqa safety committee orders treatment plants

ZAROA, Jan. 3 (Petra) - The Zarqa Public Safety Committee today discussed the implementation of earlier cabinet decisions requesting factories along the Zarqa River to construct waste water treatment plants.

Zarqa District Governor Salem Al Qudah, who chairs the committee, said that a special sub-committee has been formed to inspect these factories and submit reports on implementation of

Factories affected by the regulations are those located between the Ain Ghazal treatment plant and Sukhneh in Zarqa District. Detailed reports will be submitted to the authorities on those factories that do not abide by the regulations, Mr. Qudah said. Prime Minister Mudar Badran had issued a defence order for the construction of the waste treatment plants in the area.

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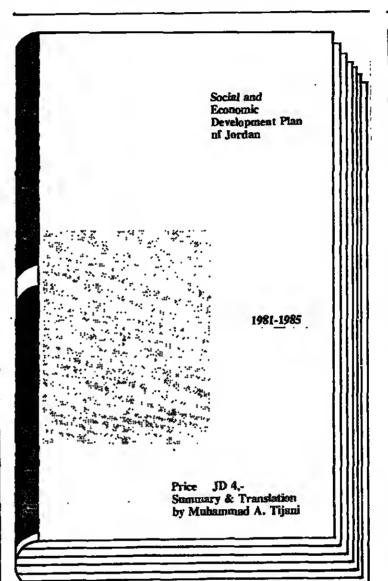
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### CHANNEL 3 Koran Cartoon 6:10

JORDAN TELEVISION

Children's Programme Children's Programme Housing Bank Lottery Draw Local Programme Local Programme 7:30 8:00 .. Arabic Series ... Panorama 9:30 . Local Show 10:10 News in Arabic 11:05

CHANNE	IL 6
6:00	French Programme News in French
7:15	Varieties
7:45	News in Hebrew Variety Show
B:00	News in Arabic
9-10	Documentary News in English
18-15	Revisited Revisited
11:05	News in Arabic

### **RADIO JORDAN** 855 KHz AM & 99 MHz FM.

7-00	Sign of
7-64	Maning Show
The statement of the last	WORLD STOW
Case	Morning Show  News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:40	News Headlines
10-03	Morning Show News Headlines Morning Show minute Theature
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12:00	News Headlines
12:03	Pop Session
13-00	News Summary
13.42	The Course
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1410	Pon Session News Bulletin Instrumentals Elion John Story
14:30 The	Elton John Story
13346	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
1643	Instrumentals
14-78	Old Company
17.44	Old Favourites
17-34 Carrieran	reach way of Life
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12:63	Sports Round-up

### News Desk 19:00 Instrumentals Evening Show News Headlines

### **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1413 KHz

Books 69:35 Interlude 09:40 Look

Ahead 09:45 A Word in Edgeways

19:15 I Spy Fiction 19:30 Smash of

the Day: The Navy Lark 11:90

World News; News About Britain

11:15 Backtracking 11:30 Pageant of the Past 12:00 Radio Newsreel

12:15 Take it or leave it 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:08 World News; 24 Hours News Summary

13:30 Country Style 13:45 Robert Service 14:15 Leave it to Pamith

14:30 Rock Salad 15:00 Radio

Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 The Red and the Black 16:45 The

World Today 17:00 World News 17:99 Europa 17:25 New Ideas

17:35 Paperback Choice 17:48 Interlade 17:45 Sports Round-up 18:69 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel

18:30 Rhythm'n' Roots 19:00 Out-

look: News Summary 19:39 Stock

Market Report 19:43 Look Ahead

19:45 Peebles' Choice 29:00 World

News; 24 Hours News Summary

26:30 Sports International 21:00

Network U.K. 21:15 Europa 21:30

Rock Salad 22:00 World News 22:09 The World Today 22:25

Book Choice 22:30 Financial News

22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports

Round up 23:00 World News;

News, Pop teners' quest ndup: repor 17:30 Dateli ish: news, fo 04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Leave it to a Nation," 13 Pamith 04:45 Notes from an Obs-19:00 New erver 04:50 Paperback Choice orts opinion. 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; 24 Hours; News Simmary Magazine: culture, lette 05:30 Peebles' Choice 05:45 Words that Changed Lives 96:90 New-sdesk 06:30 Musician at Large 21:00 VOA News. Corn 07:00 Wnrld News; 24 Hours: background News Summary 67:30 Country Style 67:45 Short Story 08:90 World News: Reflections 68:15 Barbershop Style 68:30 Baker's Half Dozen 69:60 World News; AMM British Press Review 09:15 Notes from an Observer 09:20 Goods

### ADDITATE

# 01:15

### **VOICE OF AMERICA** 03:00

GMT ————	06:15 Frankfurt (L.
	06:30 Damaso
03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30	96:45 Bei
News, Pop music, features, lis-	97:90Aqs
teners' questions 17:00 News Ron-	
ndup: reports, opinion, analyses.	09:00 Cairo (E.
17:39 Dateline 18:00 Special Eng-	09:25 Beirut (ME.
lish: news, feature "The Making of	11:00 Amsterdam, New Yo
a Nation." 18:30 Now Music USA	11:15 Athe
19:00 News Rnundup; rep-	11:30 Cai
	11:45 Geneva; Zurich (S)
orts opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA	11:45 Tunis, Made
Magazine: Americana, science,	12:00 Paris, Lond
culture, letters. 20:00 Special Eng-	
lish; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz)	12:15 Larna
21:00 VOA World Report 22:00	13:00
News, Correspondents' reports,	15:30 Moscow (S
background features, media com-	16:30 Kuwait (KA
ments, analyses.	16:35 Medina, Jeddah (S
nights, otheryses.	18:45 Benghazi (L.
	19:15 Dhahi
	19:30 Jedd
	30.00 C-
ALERSANI AUDOANT	20:00 Ca
AMMAN AIRPORT	20:15 Baghd
	20:30 Abu Dhabi, Dul
	21-30 Cairo (F

mentary 23:15 Classical Rec-

ord Review 23:36 Take it or Leave

NOTE: The following airport arrivels and departures are provided to the Jordan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.

AKKIYALS	
8:09	Cairo (EA)
8:45	Cairo
<b>2.55</b>	Aqaba
9:06	Damascus
9-40	Dhahran
9-45	Kuwait
0-60	Muscat, Dubai
10-66	Doha, Bahrain
10-05	Abu Dhabi
10.10	Beirut
10.10	Beirut (\$R)
10:33	Moscow (SU)
15.30	Kuwait (KAC)
15:30	Auwaii (RAC)
15:35 Jeur	dah, Medina (SV)
10:00	Lamaca
10:50	Cairo
10:45	Bangkok
17:25	London (BA)
17:45	Benghazi (LA)
15:96	Cairo
18:05 Amsterda	m, Beirut (KLM)
18:30	Paris (AF)
20:30	
20-30	Beinu

### Cairo (EA) .. Baghdad Cairo Baghdad DEPARTURES:

0000	
06:15	Frankfurt (LH)
06:30	Damascus
66:45	Beirut
97:90	Aqaba
09:00	Cairo (EA)
09:25	Beirut (MEA)
11:00	Amsterdam, New York
11:15	Athens
11:30	Caro
11:45	Geneva; Zurich (SR)
11:45	Tunis, Madrid
12:00	Paris, London
12:15	Largaca
13:00	Cairo
15:30	Moscow (SU)
16:30	Kuwait (KAC)
16:35	Medina, Jeddah (SV)
18:45	Benghazi (LA)
19:15	Dhahran
19:30	Jeddah
20:00	
20:15	Baghdad
20:30	Abu Dhabi, Dubai
21:30	Cairo (EA)
01:06	Baghdad
	Cairo (EA)

### **EMERGENCIES**

DOCTORS:
Amman:
Abdul Halim Al-Afghani (Al-
Wahdat)
Nayif Al-Khadra' 56120/66631
Zaroa:
Zarqa:
Irbid:
Irbid: 73925/74446
PHARMACIES:
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Al-Arabiyah Al-Kubrah 23141
Al-Hayah24636
Jabal Al-Nast 56728
AFShakshir(—)
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### **CULTURAL CENTRES**

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British Council 3	6147-
French Cultural Centre	3700
Goethe Institute	
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	
Turkish Cultural Centre	
Haya Arts Centre	
Al Hussein Youth City	
Y.W.C.A	4179
Y.W.M.A	
Amman Municipal Library	3611
University of Jordan L	ibrar
843555/	34366

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every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hntel, Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and thihhird Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel,

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Mectings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

### MUSEUMS

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City. Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m., Sunday to Friday. Closed nn Saturdays. Tel. 64240. Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years nld. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash

## Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760 Popular Life of Jordan Museum:

costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169 Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan, Jabal Al Qal'a (Chadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00

100 to 150 year nld items such as

a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tue-Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century nrientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00

### a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128

### PRAYER TIMES

Fajr	5:13
Sunrise	6:37
Dhuhr	11:40
Asr	
Maghreb	4:44
MaghrebIsha	6:08
CHURC	HES

(Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh 37440 St. Joseph Church (Roman Cat-holic) Jabal Amman 24590 De la Safle Church (Roman Cat-holic) Jabal Hussein 66428 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali 23541 Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman 23585 rafieb 75261 an Catholic Church Ash-

## LOCAL **EXCHANGE**

# RATES

Leonnese pound	
Syrian pound	57.5/58
kraqi dinar	600/610
Kuwaiti dinar	
Egyptian pound	
Qatari riyal	
UAE dirham	
Omani riyal	
U.S. dollar	
U.K. sterling	
W. German mark	
Swiss franc	
French franc	
Italian lire	
(for every 100)	78/28 2
Japanese yen	
(for every 100)	1537/1546
Outch guilder	1366/1373
Belgian franc	
Swedish crown	61/61.4
SACCIBIL CIOAN	01/01.4

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Municipal water service (emergency) 3	/111-3
Police headquarters	39141
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English sp	oken)
A hours a day for emergency Zilli,	SIIII
Amort information (ALIA) 92200	72200
lordan Television	/3111
Radio Jordan	74111
MAD	

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Tomatoes	. 300	200	Broad Beans	400
Eggplant (small)	. 170	130	Bananas (Mukammar) 225	180
Eggplant (large)	. 140	100	Apples (Golden) 240	200
Potatoes (imported)	. 140	100	Apples (Double Red)260	200
-Marrow (small)	. 140	100	Apples (Starken) 230	180
Marrow (large)	90	60	Lemons	100
Cucumber (small)	350	300	Oranges (Abn surra)	200
Cucumber (large)	250	200	Oranges (Shamouti)	120
Hot Green Pepper	. 150	100	Oranges (local)	80
Sweet Pepper	. 170	120	Oranges (French)140	100
Cabbage	100	70	Cauliflowers 130	90
Onions (dry)	100	70	Tangerine 250	200
Green onions	200	150	Bomali 180	120
Garlic	400	300	Carrot	100
Spinach	120	80	Turnips 140	100
Coconul (piece)	380	300	Chestnut 500	450
Beans	300	250	Grapefruit110	A)
		200	The state of the s	

# Jordan Fines

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## Begin, Eitan & Co.

Gen. Rafael Eitan, the Israeli military chief of staff, bas got his term of office extended for an "unprecedented" fifth year. The news that the Israeli government, headed by Mr. Menachem Begin, approved the extension came at about the same time Iraq announced that Israeli American-made fighters violated Iraqi airspace for the second time in five days.

A coincidence? We think not.

Gen. Eitan is regarded as a legendary hero in Israel. Back in 1968, he led a brutal raid against Beirut Airport in which 13 civilian planes were blown up for no apparent reason other than an unjustified and cold-blooded revenge against Lebanon. As chief of staff, he supervised the attack against the Iraqi nuclear reactor last June; the massacre of 300 Palestinian and Lebanese citizens in a raid on Beirut in July; aerial incursions over Saudi Arabia in October and November, following the approval of the AWACS sale by the U.S. Senate last year; and now the incursions of his F-15 fighters into Iraqi airspace.

How can it be a coincidence when Mr. Begin and his military arm, Gen. Eitan, have one and the same objective: subjecting all Arabs, be they near Tel Aviv or so far away from it, to Israeli firepower, whenever Israel's unreasonable words fail to convince the Arabs of twisted Israeli utterances and insensible allegations?

Of course, we cannot, with so much ease and simplicity, link the appointment of Gen. Eitan to a fifth term with the new Israeli attempt to fly over Iraqi territory. But flying the Zionist flag over the Eupbrates might be the start of fulfilling a life-long ambition for both Mr. Begin and Gen. Ettan, and they may be pursuing it together.

### **ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY**

### Preparing for Fez

AL RA'I; Once again we strongly urge the Arabs to measure up to the challenges in view of the fact that efforts are heing made now for the resumption of the Fez Arab summit conference. The Arab League Secretary General and the Moroccan Foreign Minister have already begun a tour of the Arab World for this purpose.

And once again we remind the Arabs of the importance of good preparation for the summit. We must henefit from past lessons. and transcend nur differences and sensitivities so that the summit, when it convenes, can dedicate its united action to confront the threats imposed on the Arabs instead of wasting time in small talk and reconciliation and hridging gaps.

We have time and again said that closing the Arah ranks is a must and a pan-Arab duty which must crystallise in the inint Arab work. We also remind everybody that the meeting must he held at the summit level that can bring the Arab leaders to face their responsibilities since the topics expected to be discussed are of such gravity that no one except the Arab leaders can decide on them. These topics include the Saudi peace plan, the Golan Heights issue and the situation in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. It is not inconceivable that new issues might he discussed by the summit conference, probably including the idea of Egypt's return

The Arab masses expect the Arab leaders to mount an Arab joint action able to confront all the perils that threaten the Arabs' present and future. The Arab masses expect the Arab leaders tn realise the Arab intrinsic strength and free will which must not be the prey of foreign polarisation.

The return to the Fez summit is the nnly light hreaking through the clouds that shroud the Arab situation. It is high time for this beam of light to become a bright blaze from a new Arab situation.

### Hail their solidarity

AL DUSTOUR: Events in the West Bank nowadays speak of the violent neurntic state of affairs that prevails among the officials of the Israeli occupation authorities. The enemy has failed to subdue nur hrethren in the occupied territories despite its military strength, repression, acts of terrorism and torture.

Israel has occupied the land and defied the international will embodied in the United Nations. Israel has succeeded in obstructing all peace plans proposed for solving the crisis. But it has failed to continue deceiving the international public opinion. The states and the people of the world began to perceive the reality of the movement which deceived them in the 40's. Israel began to suffer from isolation and the noose hegan to tighten around its neck despite its campaign of propaganda and despite its influence

on the Uoited States. Israel has also failed to subdue our people in the occupied territories. Our people remained steadfast. The enemy tried to alienate any international intervention in the situation which followed its 1967 aggression. The Israelis have been trying to make our people despair and succumb to the Zionist conspiracies and schemes. The Israelis first tried to force our people to leave their homeland by imposing economic measures against them; but this Israeli dream was not realised. They then resorted to the policy of displacing our people, confiscating their lands, building settlements and undermining our people's security and stability. All

this was to no avail. When the Israell enemy succeeded in luring late President Sadat to sign the unilateral peace agreement, it escalated its pressure oo our people and tried to make them fall into the trap of autonomy. The enemy embarked on vindictive actions against universities and municipal councils and tried to come up with an alternative leadership in the occupied territories by setting up village associations. It followed that with the civilian administration scheme. But our people remained steadfast despite all these repressive measures.

# DE FACTONOMICS

# Wage policy in development context

Labour is one of the four markets recognised by economists. The other three are goods, money and capital. Every market has its demand and supply and a price indicating the balance or equilibrium at a given moment.

Wages are the prices for labour or its costs as paid by the employer. In a general equilibrium analysis, any shortage or surplus in labour will be interpreted in higher or lower wage rates which will affect the overall economic activity of the

However, the wage rate has nore determinant factors than the price nr cost nf labour. It is the main source of income for a large portion of the population and, therefore, the humanitarian aspect has to be considered. Hence wage rates are

not left entirely to market for- . ces. A wage policy is necessary on economic and buman gro-

Since 1974, Jordan left the era of abundant labour and entered into ooe with labour shortages, particularly in the skilled and technical cadres. Pressures for increasing the wage levels arose and pushed these levels up. These wage increases could bave initiated an inflationary process characterised by a wage-price spiral in Jurdan, particularly with imported inflatioo which pushed the cost of living index in 1975 hy 25 per cent.

The industrial relations shifted gradually in favour of workers. This prohably was needed in the seventies to put such relations in their healthy and adequate state. However, if no proper labour policy was

adopted by the government, such a development would have led to an unmanageable situation with a high labour turnover, inbalances in the wage levels of various groups of workers, and a difficult time for employers in oegotiating

labour disputes. A degree of these developments was experienced in Jordan but the phenomenon was controlled. Our wage policy was formulated within the context of the liberal character of the economy and its develupmental objectives. The main aims of our wage policy are the following:

- to induce increases in the supply of labour needed for the implementation of development projects and the npe-ration of the expanding economic activities.

- to improve the standard

of living of workers which in turn will lead to a more equitable income distribution.

- to provide guidelines for the two parties, namely the employers and workers, to settle their disputes amicably and reasonably.

- to assist the young generation in making the right decisions on the type of education or training which they ought to seek prior to their entry into the labour market. Of course, these overall aims

of the wage policy were assessed and analysed further in the course of implementation. We have seen that nur labour market is not uniform in its characteristics. Rather, every skill has its own specific sitnation such as farm labour, construction, transportation, unskilled labour, services,-

What are the policies which Jordan implemented?

First, Jordan resorted to imported labour from laboursurplus countries particularly Egypt to meet the need for manpower with priority given to the construction and developmeot projects. Total number of foreign workers currently in Jordan stand at about 120,000.

Second, domestic sources nf labour supply were induced to increase their economic participation such as the inducement of further female participation, parttime work and nvertime working hours. In a recent survey of 150 establishments employing about 20 thousand workers, women workers accounted for about 10 per cent. Female participation is expected to conBy T.A. Jaber

tinue to increase and thus will satisfy a larger portion of local manpower requirements.

Third, like monetary policies, a wage policy has to resort to moral persuasion of workers and employers. A tripartite committee was established in 1978 to recommend to the government guidelines nn wage increases for the coming year. The committee's work required a separate detailed assessment. However, it reached definite recommendations on the basis of actual studies of the labour market conditions.

Our wage policy has att-empted with success to reach an acceptable balance among diverging interests. It should he pursued in a dynamic manner and with a developmental per-

# The legacy of the year gone by

Editors Nate: The following is a series of year-end "symposium" articles focusing on specific regions in the world, with a look ahead to 1982 in light of events during the past year.

### Polish - Europe crisis threatens detente

The crisis in Poland has added another element of uncertainty to both East and West in Europe, a continent already facing a difficult future in 1982.

The Dec. 13 military crackdown in Poland not only threatens domestic freedom for the Poles, It may destroy what remains of detente a major consideration for Europeans in both blocs.

By the end of 1981, the crisis was already showing signs of unraveling much of the framework of detente that had been built between the United States and the Soviet Union in the 1970s.

President Ronald Reagan, claiming the Soviet Unioo "bears a heavy and direct responsibility. The consonic appropriates resolute attracted on the Poles' ability to heavy and direct responsibility. The consonic appropriation resolution attracted on their own. If for the events in Poland, annual payer weakened the authority of the Soviets are not forced to into ourseld a series of cuts in trade and ounced a series of cuts in trade and technological exchanges with Moscow and threatened more unless the situation eases.

A collapse of Poland's economy would be felt not only in the Soviet Bloc but in Western Europe as

West German banks alone hold an estimated \$4.5 billion of Poland's \$16-billioo commercialbank debt.

Western experts fear a default. by Poland could shake confidence in the European banking system.

At the very least, a default would make Western bankers wary of loans to ntber communist-governed nations with grave implications for what seemed only a few years ago to be a potentially flourishing East-West

An armed Soviet intervection in Poland might well mean the end of U.S.-Soviet talks which npened in Geneva, Switzerland, Nov. 30 on reduction of medium-range nuclear weapons in Europe.

Some commentators have also noted the Polish crackdown calls into question a basic premise of detente -- that a reduction in tension between the United States and the Soviet Union would prod Moscow into allowing greater internal freedom in its allied countries. But Poland isn't the only problem facing Europe in the new year. Economic woes, fear of war, political instability and a sense of spiritual hankruptcy plague soc-

ieties in both East and West. Several West European countries are grappling with their own, special problems. For exa-

mple: - In Spain, many fear the right-wing military may yet seize power and snuff nut the democratic reforms which followed the death of loogtime dictator

Francisco Franco in 1975. -- The Belgians face long-term political crises stemming from the inability to work out a formula nf governmental representation acceptable to the French and Dutch-

speaking parts of their population. -- In France and Greece, new socialist governments will be pressing ahead with their programmes for transforming life in their countries after years of

right-wing leadership. Economic problems appear most acute in Soviet-Bloc states, where a decade ago governments were mapping plans for achieving Western-style living standards by

the 1980s. The Eastern economies are plagued by energy and raw-material shortages and housewives are baving trouble finding a good sel-

Romania, Hungary and Cze-

choslovakia un longer permit foreign tourists to carry foodstuffs nut of the country. Travellers from the Soviet Union tell of shortages of basic foods in provincial shops and limits on the amount of certain items sold to each customer. Most Western European eco-

numies also face troubles in 1982. The once-powerful West German economy slumped into rec-ession in 1981 and is expected to remain sluggish in the coming

In Britain, the Conservative Government of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher has forecast a modest recovery oext year. But the country is already grappling with oearly three million unemployed, a record number of bankruptcies and deep cuts in social welfare programmes.

Italians face an inflation rate of 18.5 per cent and a chronically unstable government. And nearly ooe Dutch worker in 10 has lost his job during 1981 with little prospect of getting a new ooe any time

many governments in Western Europe, calling into question whether some of the continent's best known politicians will be in charge by the end of 1982.

Chancellor Helmut Schmidt of West Germany, returned to office by a landslide in October, 1980, must contend with the left wing of his own Social Democratic Party which opposes him a number of issues, including the stationing of new U.S. nuclear missiles in Eur-

In Britain, Prime Minister Thatcher has also battled Conservative Party factions which oppose her strict monetarist economic policies. The old year gave birth to the Social Democratic Party, a left-leaning group of Labnur and Cooservative rebels whom polls say could win the next national election.

The upheavel in Poland shows that not nnly Western political leaders need fear popular unrest. Polish party leader Stanislaw Kania was dismissed after failing to appease either Moscow by taming the Solidarity Union or the Polisb people by reviving the economy.

Prospects for his successor, Gen. Woiciech Jaruzelski, appear clouded because of the ill-will stirred up by imposition of martial law and the spilling of Polish

Other less dramatic shakeups could come elsewhere in the Soviet bloc.

President Nicolae Ceausescunf Romania has already fired several ministers responsible for his counay's sluggish economy.

Non-aligned Yugoslavia is struggling with Europe's highest inflation rate as well as widespread unrest among its ethnic-Albanian minority, raising new fears about the future of the multi-national

But beyond the problems of local politicians lies a sense of fear Europe that the old philosophies un longer answer modera needs.

In Western Europe, many in the younger generation embrace locally fowned opoo ideologies such as Marrism, and every issue, be it ecology or armaments, seems to draw a large, cothusiastic fol-

During 1981, bundreds of thousands of West Europeans, most of them youths, demonstrated against the planned deployment by NATO of new U.S. nuclear missiles, and seemingly lesser issues, such as a housing shortage in Amsterdam, the Netherlands, and the expansion of an airport runway near Frankfurt, West Ger-

The same phenomenon exists in

Eastern Europe tnn, where a generation of economic and social failure has undermined faith in the socialist system.

In many ways, the young Poles who flocked to Solidarity and the young Germans and Dutch who join anti-war rallies are chasing the same dream -- a Europe in possession of a new, fresh idea in which people can believe.

### Poland is the key in '82

### By Steven R. Hurst

The key to the Soviet Union's relations with the West for the coming year lies in Puland. U.S. President Ronald Reagan's sanctions against the Soviets at year's end in response to the

crackdown in Poland could spur the Kremlin to intensify its campaien to drive a wedge between the United States and its West European allies.

But the Soviet Unioo's relations with Western Europe still rely esservene with military force in Poland, the Kremlin in 1982 can be-- Cootinue its oewly mounted

vince West Europeans that Reagan's sanctions will only harm them, not the Soviet Union. - Continue pressure on Wes-

tern Europe against the planned 1983 deployment of a new generation of U.S. medium-range nuclear weapons. - Continue highly visible sup-

port for what has become known in Western Europe as the "peace movement" against the deployment of the new U.S. missiles. - Continue pressing the United States and NATO to agree to a moratorium on deplnyment of the missiles while the Geneva negotiations on limiting medium-

range nuclear weapons go on. - Continue to press for expanded trade, with Soviet raw materials such as crude oil and natlal gas exchanged for West European technology.

It is believed that the Soviets have not sent a military force into Poland because of a fear of the economie and political consequences such intervention would have on relations with Wes-

tern Europe in particular. The constrictions in Western trade and political and cultural contacts the Soviets felt after their invasion of Afghanistan two years ago would be compounded many times if Poland suffers the same

The Western alllance did not fall in solidly behind the United States on the hanning of grain sales and technology transfers as a reaction to the Afghan intervention. But the alliance could be expected to present a much more unified response to any Soviet military moves against Poland a European country.

So far the Soviet Union has refrained from military intervention because, sources say, the Kremlin leadership is satisfied that the Polish premier and Communist Party. leader, Gen. Wojeierh Jaruzelski, has the country under his military's control. The Soviet sources said, bowever, the Red Army stands ready should Jaruzelski lose cootrol.

### MIDEAST

### More turmoil likely By Nicelas B. Tatro

Arab-Israeli tensions and continuing strife in Iran signal another year of turmoil ahead in the Middle East for 1982.

Major issues of 1981 remain

unresolved: -- The Israeli annexation of

Syria's Golan Heights in December and the U.S. opposition to

-- The Iran-Iraq war which eru-pted in September, 1980. - The growing confrontation between the United States and

Col. Muammar Qadhafi's Libya.

The missile crisis in Lebanon that began last April. -- The seven year-old war in the Western Sahara in North Africa. A crucial test for the region's

stagility is the scheduled Israeli

withdrawal April 26 from the

remainder of Egypt's Sinai pen-Questions remain about whether Israell Prime Minister Menachem Begin's government would feel confident enough in Egypt's new government to relinquish the

territory taken in the 1967 Arab-Israeli war. Since President Anwar Sadat's ssassination last Oct. 6, the new Egyptian government of Presideot Hosni Mubarak is oo a more inward-looking course - stressing the need to improve economic conditions for the impoverished masses and to seek reconciliation with opposition groups in an effort to head off any possible grassroots

Muslim-Fundamentalist uprising. Arab leaders are expected to meet after the April deadline or an Israeli evacuation of Sinai to try once again to reach agreement on a Mideast peace plan. Efforts in Fez, Morocco, to agree on a Saudi plan that would trade recognition of Israel for a Palestinian State

broke down last Navember. An npheaval in Egypt and a last-minute Israeli refusal to withdraw from the Sinai could trun the Arab summit into a war cou-

U.S. policy on the Middle East is likely to be severely tested in 1982. At year's end U.S.-Israell relations were shaken by the Ronaid Reagan administration's opposition to the Golan Heights annexation and Begin's sharp reaction to it. The United States also is faced with the Camp David peace accord issue of Palestinian autonomy which would bring selfrule to the 1.3 million Arabs living in the Israeli-occupied West Bank of the Jurdan river and the formerly Egyptian-administered Gaza Strip. If the talks fail, as many Arah observers expect, then the U.S. government would be faced with the difficult task of finding another process Israel would

With Israel focusing much of its attention on Syria, many observers fear a new spasm nf violence in Lebanon where a shaky cease-fire has held in South Lebannn since last July 24, due mainly to the efforts of U.S. Middle East

troubleshooter Philip C. Habib. The Persian Gulf, source of most of the Western World's oil, is likely to remain a focus of attention in 1982 with the Iran-Iraq war and indications that non-Arab Iran's elergy-led regime intends to begin exporting its Islamic revolution.

The suspected Iranian camraign is seen as a spinoff of the war with Arab Iraq, which has the backing of Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Jordan and other moderate Arab regimes. The Iran-Iraq hostilities also spread to Lebanon, where more than 400 people have been killed in fighting during the past two years.

Iran's religious leaders appeared to be trying to consolidate their power after driving undenzround the secular force of exiled President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr last summer and building up new personalities such as parliament speaker Ali-Akbar Rafsanjani as a cushion against the day when the ailing 82-year-old Ayatullah Ruhollah Khomeini would pass from the scene. In North Africa, relations bet-

low after last summer's shooting down of two Libyan jets by U.S. navy planes during mediterranean manoeuvres. This was followed by claims from the Reagan administratioo that Qadhafi had des-

Reagan and other U.S. nfficials. The U.S. administration's call for all Americans to leave Libya raised fears that a more direct confrontation was in the offing, but questions were also raised as to whether a continued U.S. cam-

patched hit teams to kill President

paign against Qadhafi would compel other Arab leaders to rally tn his side.

Libya was gradually replacing Algeria as the main supporter of the Polisario guerrillas fighting Morocco for control of the former Spanish Colony in the Western Sahara. The trend was expected to continue with the U.S. government supporting King Hassan

### erendum in the disputed territory. **ASIA**

II of Morocco in his call for an internationally supervised ref-

Asian subcontinent tensions seems determined to stop. rising in

### By Gene Kramer

A Soviet military buildup in Afghanistan appears more likely than a pullnut making for continued high tension in the Asian subcontinent area and friction

between India and Pakistan. The final collapse of Afgbanistan's own army, reported torn by desertions, defections and high casualties to less than a third of its nriginal 90,000 personnel, is

a possibility for the New Year. At the end of last year Soviet strength was already reported on the rise from long-standing est-

imates of 85,000. The Soviet-installed goverument in Afghanistan seemed no closer to winning popular acceptance and Western journalists who travelled with the Muslim insurgents have reported that the rebels held more of the Afghan countryside than ever, while lacking the punch for outright mil-

stary victory. Reverberations of the conflict are being felt in India and Pak-

Rejecting the U.S. idea that Pakistan should be armed as a frontline state against Soviet military force in Afghanistan, Prime Minister Indira Gandhi of India has talked of approaching "war clouds" and frequently accused the United States of forcing the regioo

The end of 1981 found India shopping in both the Soviet Union and the West for weapons it said were needed to counter the \$3.2 billion U.S. arms package promised Pakistan. All this coincides with a con-

into a costly arms race.

tinuing series of minor border incidents and diplomatic tiffs between the two neighbours which have fought each other three times since independence from Britain in 1947.

Less gloomy, however, were plans by India and Pakistan to discuss a non-aggressioo pact in 1982 and some signs that India and the United States want to limit the deterioration of their relations. In other parts of the subcontinent:

- Bangladesh entered the new year with a new President and most nf its old problems of economic and political instability. Abdus Sattar, who won an overwhelming November election mandate to succeed assassinated president Ziaur Rahman, must

deal with a demand from the military ehief of staff, Lt. Gen. H.M. ween Libya's Col. Qadhafi and the Ershad, to assign a clear role in United States were at an all-time government to the army, which has been involved in more than a dozen conp attempts in the first decade of Bangladesh.

- Sri Lanka hopes in the new year for de-escalation of the communal tension hetween majority Sinhalese and minority Tamils that in 1981 flared into destructive rioting and left about a dozen people dead. The Tamil United Liberation Front party has dissociated itself from a Londonbased separatist movement and entered into harmony talks with President Junius R. Jayewardene. Jayewardene in turn has been disriplining the Sinhalese extremists

CENTRAL AMERICA

in his United National Party.

More carnage likely

By Isaac A. Levi

The carnage in Central America could get worse in 1982 with signs pointing to a step-up by leftist guerrillas in their fight for power something the United States The administration of U.S. Pre-

sident Ronald Reagan has accused

the Soviet Union, Cuba and Nicaragua of secretly sending aid and weapons to insurgents in El Salvador and Guatemala. Although the Soviets, Cubans and Nicaraguans deny official knowledge of such arms traffic, U.S. officials insist it exists.

More than 85,000 people have been killed in the past three years in battles between leftists and rightists in Central America. The area has a population of 23 mil-

More than 32,000 people have been killed since Oct. 15. 1979, in El Salvador's guerrilla revolution. Many more deaths could come around Jan. 22 when the guerrillas are said to plan another major pusb against the U.S.-hacked military-civilian junta to mark the 50th anniversary of "La Masacre" wheo 32,000 people were killed in a rightist military push to put down a communist-led peasant

The Reagan administration has provided El Salvador's junta with \$75 million in military aid and 56 U.S. military advisers to help put down the insurrection. But neither side appears to be winning.

In Nicaragua, where 50,000 people were killed in the Sandanista revolution that ousted Dictator Anastasio Somnza in 1979, the governing junta has lanncbed a "militarisation" eampaign that U.S. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig bas said raises the threat of war in Central America.

More than 3,500 people have been killed during the past two years in Guatemala, where four guerrilla groups are fighting to overthrow Gen. Fernando Romero Lucas Garcia's rightist regime. Many are sceptical that ele-

ctions scheduled for March 7 in Guatemala and March 21 in El Salvador will end the violence. Even placid Costa Rica and Honduras bad outbreaks of ter-

rorism in 1981. Roberto Suazo Cnrdoba, a 53-vear-old doctor, takes over as President of Honduras on Jan. 27, ending 17 years of military rule. But, on top of some crushing eco-. nomic problems, the country last year had a severe outbreak of terrorism.

Costa Rica, regarded as Latin America's stablest democracy, had its first bijack in October. Earlier, terrorists threw bombs, killed three policemen and wounded three U.S. Embassy marine guards in separate attacks.

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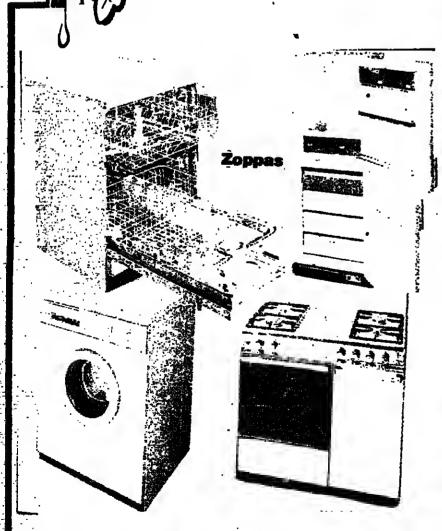
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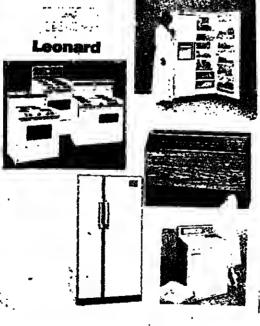
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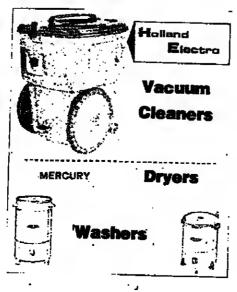


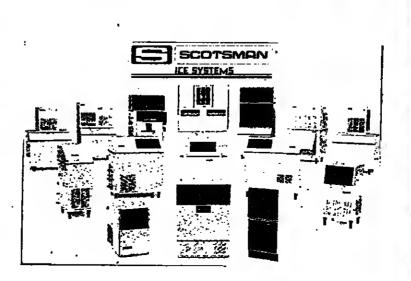






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### ATTF discusses Arab youth sport affairs

AMMAN, Jan. 3 (Petra) - Minister of Culture and Youth Ma'n Abu Nowar opened at Al Hussein Youth City today the Arab Table Tennis Federation's (ATTF) board meetings. He underlined in an opening speech the importance of such meetings aimed at raising the standard of Arab youth in

This meeting, he said, is designed at coordinating activities of Arah youth in sporting events; and it is hoped the board will come out with constructive recommendations that would further contribute to

the promotion of table tennis.

Also addressing the opening session were Suffan Shahin, president of the Jordanian Table Tennis Federation and Suleiman Al Jahhan, president of the Arab Table Tennis Federation.

The board will discuss in its six day meeting several issues pertaining to table tennis agreements and activities in the Arah World. The federation comprises 14 Arab states and Palestine.

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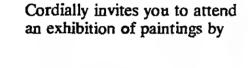
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### Windies roar back to form

SYDNEY, Jan. 3 (R) - The West Indies cricketers came roaring back to form with a vengeance on the second day of the second test against Australia today.

The tourists, who lost the first match in the three-test series by 58 runs, their first defeat in 16 internationals, added 96 runs to their overnight score of 288 for four before reducing the Australians to 111 for three at close.

Lefthanded hatsman Larry Gomes and demon bowler Michael Holding shared the honours.

Gomes completed a superb century before being caught by Greg Chappell off Bruce Yardley for 126 as the West Indians reached 384



### Erika Hess crushes her rivals

MARIBOR, Yugoslavia, Jan. 3 crushed her rivals with a tretoday by winning a special slalom.

The track, through 52 gates on the first leg and 53 on the second with a drop of 170 metres, was so

more than a second faster than her rivals to lift herself from third one minute 37.58 seconds.

aheed of Czechoslovakia's Ólga Charvatova.

Christin Cooper.

third victory of the season lifted her pace-setting World Cup total to 173 points. Irene Epple of West Germany never looked confident today and placed 17th hut remained second with 139 points. Cooper has 109 and Quario 77.

without a point to add to her total and leeving her task of overhauling Hess vastly more dif-

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(R) — Erika Hess of Switzerland mendous second run in very difficult conditions to extend her lead in the women's World Ski Cup

icy and tough that 42 of the 74 starters failed to complete the Erst Hess emphasised her superiority by skiing the second run

place to victory in a total time of The young Italian from Milan, Maria-Rosa Quario, had to yield her first leg lead, hut hung on for second place in 1:38.43, just

Perrine Pelen of France finished fourth-her fourth such placing this season-ahead of American

Hess's mastery in taking her

Bacand could finish only 17th,

11/1

27/1

7/2

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this point.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN 1981 by Chicago Tribune

North-South vulnerable.

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SOUTH

5 💠 3 NT Pass 6 4 Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Jack of .

We have frequently stressed that it is important to give yourself every chance in the play. Here's apother hand from the Cino Del Duca event in Paris to highlight

We are not sure that we approve of the way South hid his hand-a reverse should guarantee that the first suit is longer than the second. However, the only alternative-two no trump-was

unappetizing. equally Thereafter, North bid his hend well to show an unbalanced hand with excellent club support and the final contract had a fair chance of succeeding.

After e spade lead it seemed that either red suit finesee would, if successful, land the elam. Technically, there is a good reason why the ruffing finesse in diamonds should be taken. If it loses, declarer cuts his losses because he has two winners set up and so be won't go down more than one trick. As the cards he, the ruffing finesse succeeds and the slam rolls home.

However, that is only the second best line, as was demonstrated by Zia Mahmood of Pakistan, who will represent his country in the 1981 World Team Championship in Port Chester. N.Y. later this month. He won the ace of spades and forced out the ace of trumps. He ruffed the spade continua: tion, drew the last trump and then took his extra chance-he cashed the ace and king of hearts.

Mahmood was "lucky" -the queen of hearts dropped. Now he didn't care who held the king of diamonds. With po heart loser to worry about, he could simply ruff his diamond losers on the table and claim his slam. Bridge is really e simpls

game, isn't it?

Madam....

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The tender consists of supply, delivery, erection, testing and commissioning of two boilers to supply steamflow required for the two turbo-generators of 130 MW each.

It is expected that only internetionally-competent firms with ample experience in this type of works, done outside their own country, will participate in this tender.

Documents are evailable for collection egainst payment of a non-refundable fee of JD 150 or \$450 per set consisting of two copies et the following addresses:

Jordan Electricity Authority Purchase and Procurement Department Jabai Amman - Fifth Circle P.O. Box 2310, Amman, Jordan Telex No. 21259 JEASAK JO

Chas. T. Main International Inc. Southeast Tower, Prudential Center Boston, Massachusetts, U.S.A. Telex: 940598 Telephone: (617) 262 - 3200

The closing date for receiving the proposal will be Thursday April 15, 1982, at 10:00 a.m.

THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN The Jordanian Company for T.V., Radlo, and Cinema Production Ltd.

ADVERTISEMENT

FOR PREQUALIFICATION OF INTERNATIONAL **JUILDING CONTRACTORS EXPERIENCED IN THE** CONSTRUCTION OF TELEVISION **PRODUCTION FACILITIES** 

The Jordanian Company for T.V., Radio end Cineme Production Ltd., Invites submission of prequalification data by specialized international contractors or local first class general contractors in joint venture with specialized internetional contractors who can qualify through extensive experiences with projects of similar type end magnitude for the construction of:

TV production facilities including: two production studios of 570 m2 in floor area each, one vidio tape editing suite, one vidio tape copying end transfer suite, one dubbing suite, offices and euxilliary fecilities. The total floorerea of the three etory reinforced concrete structure shall be approximately 8,000 m2. Including basement and out buildings.

- 2. Prequelification date shall include but not be limited to the following:
  - Name, address, country, date of incorporation and type of firm.
  - Names of principals and key employees of the firm.
     Names, qualifications and experience of the proposed supervisory etaff for the project under consideration.
  - Letter from tha firm a bankers giving the financial stetus of the firm. - The production cepacity of the firm.
  - List of contracte underwey or completed by the firm in this erea and elsewhere during the last five years, similar in type and size to the project under consideration, together with a brief description, location, name of owner, total coet and type of services provided.
  - Any additional information which may help to demonstrate the degree of qualification of the firm for the project under consideration.

Prequalification data shall be submitted induplicate not later than 12.00e.m. (noon) on 15th Feb. 1982, a copy to each of the following eddress.

THE JORDANIAN COMPANY FOR T.V., RADIO, AND CINEMA PRODUCTION LTD. c/o PENSION FUND P.O. BOX 3294 AMMAN - JORDAN

PROFESSOR HANNES LINIL ARCHITECT - PLANNER ROTENTURMSTRASSE 25 A 1010 VIENNA, AUSTRIA

# FEATURES

# Greeks step 150 years back to save Acropolis

into the air which comes down as

sulphuric acid in rain. This in turn

reacts with the marble, turning it

into gypsum, a soft stone which is

Attempts to reduce pollution in

the area have had little success and

even putting some statues into a

museum is of limited value bec-

ause of the air pollution. A pro-

posal to set them in glass cases

filled with inert gases has aroused

possible to give the marble a pro-

tective coat, or treat it chemically

to turn the gypsum hack to mar-

ble, but neither idea has been per-

There are other problems. The stability of the imposing rock on which the Acropolis stands, dom-

inating the Athens skyline, has

been in question, the fortified

walls are crumbling and the bui-

lding's foundations are unsteady.

mantled was the Erechtheion, the

old temple of Athena, and work

has recently begun on rebuilding

The caryatids, statues of six

maidens which stood at its south

portico, have been removed and.

replaced with hollow copies hol-

ding titanium beams to support

HOW THAT FIGHT WITH THE DENTIST ENDED.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: VAPOR SHINY CLOVEN GLUTEN

Answer: What he said to the horse who was tending bar—"GIVE ME A SNORT"

(Answers tomorrow)

The first building to be dis-

Prof. Dontas said it could be

easily washed away.

By Neocosmos Tzallas -- Reuters

ATHENS - Greek archaeologists are dismantling the ancient monuments of the Athens acropolis to the state they were in 150 years ago in an effort to save them from complete destruction.

Having stood for 2,500 years, this imposing citadel has suffered more from incompetent restoration, air pollution, tourists and aircraft noise vibration than the fires, earthquakes, pillaging, vandalism and war of its past.

Ironically, the zeal of the newly-independent Greeks in the 1830s to restore the ruins left by departing Turks caused much of the decay.

They used iron rods to support masonry and join broken marble, hut the metal has now oxidised, expanded and cracked the stone. The ancients were much

wiser," Acropolis curator George Dontas said. "They dipped the iron elements in lead before using

Restorers now use titanium, which is tough and does not corrode, but to do so they have to take down parts of the monuments. "We decided to dismantle the buildings to the state they were in 1830 and start again," Prof. Dontas said.

But the major, and largely unsolved, problem, is the air pollution which has hlurred the finelycarved friezes and statues and sapped the strength of the stone which supports the temples atop the Acropolis.

Industry spurts sulphur dioxide

Unscrambla these four Jumbles.

one letter to each square, to form tour ordinary words.

HINEW

JARAH

NEIFED

UNPRIT

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

the portico mof.

Supporting the rest of the Erechtheion there were originally two walls, outer and inner. Christians in the fifth and sixth century destroyed the inner walls when they turned the building into a church.

They did so much damage that it is now impossible to determine the original distribution of the rooms inside the building.

Because the stability of the bui-

iding was endangered, the restoration team is rebuilding the south inner wall and other parts are being replaced. Work is expected to be completed by 1984.

Work on the Parthenon, a majestic Doric temple to Athena which dominates the Acropolis, will start next summer when a special crane should be in place to avoid the use of scaffolding.

Many fragments from its east facade have been identified and will be replaced. There are plans to restore the marble ceiling on its Western side in order to protect the frieze but experts have not yet determined whether the monument and its 46 columns can sup-

port the weight.

The small temple of Roman emperor Augustus will be reconstructed after the major work on the Acropolis is completed.

The hage boulders on the side of the Acropolis hill also present a problem. Many of them have been held in place by earlier restorers using buttresses but the result is now thought to look ugly. Work on a new method of bol-

ting them to the hillside is still under way.

International practice, under the Venice convention, is that ancient monuments are only restored to the extent allowed by surviving pieces, with reconstruction only where needed for structural reasons or to protect the monument from the weather.

The committee for the protection of the monuments of the Acropolis adheres strictly to this principle.

1

THE BETTER HALF,

Soviet weightlifters



L-R: General director of the works Aleksel Gorvainov, chief designer Vladimir Tobolin and

engineer-designer Tatyana Shishkina at a new KRAZ model. (TASS photo)

Two bundred forty-one thousand and ten million tons of various freights have been transported by autos in the Soviet Union during the last year of the 10th Five-Year Plan period (1976-1980). A considerable part of them was transported by the KRAZ trucks manufactured at the Kremenchug anto-works, Poltava region, the Ukrainian SSR.

The works were erected in the late '50s. These were the years when the Soviet people had already abolished the consequences caused by the Nazi German troops during World War II and started implementing a new, vast construction programme. The need for transport especially heavy load lorries, grew.

The works in Kremenchug staried the production of such trucks. Already the first models of the Ukrainian made trucks proved

By Vinson

T) toison

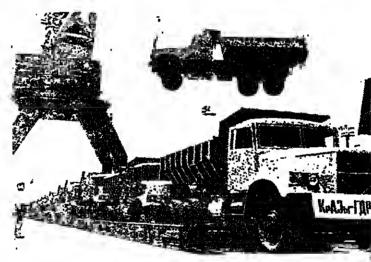
capable of heavy work. Then a whole family of KRAZ trucks has appeared: a 12-ton dump truck, a general-purpose truck of the same carrying capacity, a humber carrier, a treck tractors able to tow 30-ton trailers. Recently new models have been produced which are more reliable and comfortable in comparison with the previous models, and can operate in the sev-

ere climate of the extreme north

where the use of conventional trucks is difficult.

The trucks made in Kremenching work at oil and gas fields of Western Siberia, in the extreme north, at the construction of the Baikal-Amur railway, in the Republics of Central Asia. They are exported to more than 50 countries of the world.

Recently a batch of trucks was sent to East Germany.



KRAZ Trucks ready to be sent to East Germany. (TASS photo).

### FLAT FOR RENT

Two bedroom flat, sitting room, dining room, bath room, kitchen, central hesting. Jabal Luweibdeh.

If interested, call tel. 21769

### **ADVERTISEMENT**

### FOR PREQUALIFICATION OF CONTRACTORS HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF **JORDAN** MINISTRY OF PUBLIC WORKS AMMAN, JORDAN

Al Hashemiah Guest Palace Project

Applications are invited for the prequalification of ten-derers for the alterations and refurbishment to convert Al Hashemiah Palace into a government guest palace.

The project includes:

- I. Undertaking alteration in order to convert the building into a number of self-contained suites, and to provide extra bedrooms, staff changing rooms and stores.
- 2. Refurbishing mechanical, electrical and plumbing services and generally making good the fabric of the building.
- 3. Undertaking the installation of new kitchens and laundry
- 4. General upgrading of external works.

Applications may be submitted by:

- a. First class building or general local contractors, provided they have to prove, through association or recruitment of specialists that they are qualified to undertake such
- b. Qualified international contractors, associated with local qualified contractors.
- c. Qualified international contractors specialised in such

Tender documents will be available at the Ministry of Public Works, at a cost of JD 160 from Jan. 1, 1982. All interested contractors are required to submit two envelopes at the specified dates as follows:

1. "Prequalification Envelope" by Jan. 31, 1982 2. "Priced bid Envelope" by March 15, 1982.

Only the priced envelopes of the qualified contactors will be opened, and the others will be returned unopened to the

Chairman of Special Tendering Committee

### **Peanuts**



Print answer here:

ISN'T IT EXCITING? I'VE ALWAYS WANTED TO BE ON THE SCHOOL TRAFFIC PATROL...IT'S A VERY GREAT HONOR ...

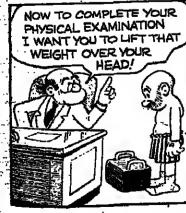




"The last time he lost any pounds, he was gambling

in a British casino."

### Mutt 'n' Jeff



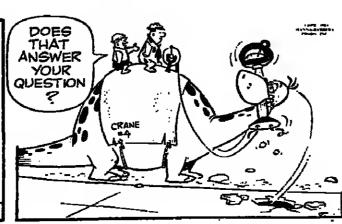






### The Flintstones





### FORECAST FOR MONDAY, JAN. 4, 1982

## YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The daytime is fine for resourcefully studying details that can help you advance in career ectivities. Exercise patience and you can overcome obstacles in the evening.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You may not be able to express your talents early in the day. Work at a measured pace and make up for lost tima later. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Try to agree with wishes

of family members and maintain harmony at home. Don't be too extravagant at this time. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You need to tread lightly

with contacts in the husiness world today. Show more consideration for those at home. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) If you have

spend more money to make something work, it is wise to consult an expert for advice. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Don't force any issues to gain your way, hut study every angle of your monetary posi-

tion and get the results you want. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Forget that annoying situation and concentrate on something that is easily attaineble. Don't neglect social engagements.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Take time to help a good friend who is in trouble now. Study your aims and then make positive plans for the future.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A civic duty requires extra care to handle it properly. Friends may not be amenable to your suggestions today. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) You have to study

more on a new idea you have before putting it in operation. Sideatep one who imposes on you. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Engage in new in-

new philosophy of life. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Avoid an associate who is irritable in the morning. Study a new problem well

terests that can be profitable. Be more concerned with a

before you try to solve it. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Even though you could be ennoyed by conditions that arise unexpectedly, remain

calm and use tact for best results. 1F YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will do well in problem-solving occupations, so direct the education along such lines in order to make the most of the natural talents here. Teach how to handla money ea. iy in life. Spiritual training is a must.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

### THE Daily Crossword By Nancy Mc Carthy

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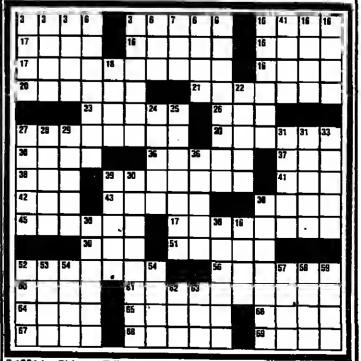
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## Warsaw outlines new austerity meesule

VIENNA, Jan. 3 (R) --- Poland's martial law rulers outlined a new dose of austerity for the country at the weekend put said planned mcreases in the cost of food were negotiable.

They premised workers pay rises to cushion the effect of bigger household bills.

The package included a 56.8 per cent devaluation of the zloty against the dollar as part of efforts to repair the damage caused to the economy by 18 months of conflict between the authorities and the Solidarity trade union.

As evidence that industrial production was improving, Warsaw Television reported near-normal output in the Silesian coal belt.

The official media indicated that authorities expected normal work to resume tomorrow at the militant Gdansk shipyards where Solidarity was born and which were closed oy strikes against martial law hefore Christmas.

Western governments prepared to embask on a round of top-level talks to try to coordinate their response to the crisis which has divided the United States and its all-

West Germany.

Mcscow media rap U.S.

The Soviet Union maintained its attacks on the policy of economic sanctions undertaken by the United States with only muted support from Western Europe.
The Soviet Communist Party

daily Pravda accused President Reagan of backing force in Poland which had been on the verge of unleashing "fratricidal slaughter."

Pravda commentator Vitaly Korionov charged that the White House was in oreach of the Helsinki buman rights accords by enforcing what he described as an economic blockade against Pol-

Mr. Korionov said the Reagan administration's policy on Poland had been "bypocritically termed a defence of human rights."

"However, neither bypocrisy nor ultimatums will help Wasnington prevent the Polish people from bringing order into their own home. Mr. Korionov said.

President Reagan ordered economic sanctions against Poland, including the suspension of all government-sponsored shipments of food products, after the Dec. 13

declaration of martial law there.

### Wages go up with prices

The Polish government called a press conference yesterday to spell out plans to treble the cost of many basic foods. It said sugar would rise from 13 to 57 cents a kilo and from \$2.25 to \$6.90 for a

But the bead of the state price commission said the rises were open for discussion this month. Negotiability does not apply to increases in the cost of electricity and heating and hot water which will go up on Feb. 1.

To belp workers meet rising costs, they will get increases averaging 1,200 zloties (\$15) a month on salaries averaging 7,700 zloties monthly, the official said. Eagleburger talks of cold war

Meanwhile in Washington. Assistant Secretary of State Lawrence Eagleburger said today a new cold

war could result from a worsening

of the Polish crisis.

Union was involved they be by neck" in the military latters as in "There are publication in a

He charged that the Brade.

return to something the the solid war," he sale in a tale more in-Mr. Ezglebarger, the Etc.s.

Department's specialistics on Eur-

opean affairs, said he did not that

a new cold war mould be inself the same as that of the 1950s.

But, I think perfections to things go badly in Belland and the Soviets constitue their pro-ivities with premies in Entropie. Nicaragua, Ethiopia, Angria et i so forti, the possibilities because cooling off of the reinforthip between the United States and the

Soviet Union is there " Mr. Eagletunger suite that U.S.-Soviet talks in Paners on limiting auclear wear was a Farmore should continue To the ope should continue. By, an enterin Poland between new and lost 11. when the talks the due to reporte after a recess, would be imput

## Tamings gives ultimatum to officials

... 211 JANA Jen. F (Agencies) - Ghana's new milthan the color told officials of the government the printed on New Year's Eve to surrender to

monitored here, broadcast the Little and the mulitary government, which the constitution, dismissed parameters and connect publical parties.

The ratio appeared to the public in give the in the intermedica on the wicereabouts of any minand officials of the banned .Thir Thing Prople's National Party (PNP).

It did not mention President Limann but did not say whether he had already been arrested.

The radio said the ruling Provisional National

Defence Cnuncil (PNDC) led by Fit. Lt. Jerry Rawlings could not guarantee the safety of officials who did not report to the police.

The broadcast said the PNDC gave William de Graft Johnson and the ministers of President Lim-

ann's administration until Monday afternoon to comply with the nrder.

The PNDC has banned political parties, sus-

pended the constitution, dissolved parliament and dismissed ministers and deputies.

# lien seems to be on his way out The gam's White House overhaul

expected to announce a major

overhaul of the White House for-

eign policy apparatus next week,

elevating the role of the national

security adviser, who is res-ponsible for coordinating foreign

policy decision-making in the

3. 12.1 5781N 35. California, lie. 1 J., - President Reagan Figure 1. Lands his national sec-Deputy Sections of State William Tarin order ding to administration of the list. They said that Mr. Reegan was

Mr. Allen is on leave while the White House is conducting a review of the propriety of his past

White House.

He has been cleared by the Justice Department of any illegality in receiving two wrist watches and a \$1,000 payment from Japanese journalists.

The White House is also reviewing alleged irregularities Mr. Allen made in a financial disclosure statement when he took

Whatever the outcome of the internal White House inquiry. it appears likely that Mr. Allen will

not be able to return to his post, despite a campaign he and his friends have waged to convince the president to reinstate him.

One of the major changes contemplated for the White House's new foreign policy structure is to have the national security adviser report directly to the president.

At present, Mr. Allen does not confer with the president directly on a regular basis but sends written reports through White House Counsellor Edwin Meese.

When Mr. Reagan took office, the White House announced it would reduce the role of the national security adviser, largely because he was thought to have become too dominant in previous administrations, whose advisers included Henry Kissinger and Zbigniew Brzezinski.

Mr. Clark has been a Reagan ally for many years and served as a close aide when Mr. Reagan was governor of California.

# to escape publicity in Germany

Rakowski's son goes into hiding

WIESBADEN. West Germany, Jan. 5 (R) - The son of Polisb Deputy Prime Minister Mieczysław Rakowski, reported to he seeking a new life in the West, has gone into hiding in an apparent attempt to escape publicity, police said today.

They said Arter Rakowski, 25, his wife Anna, 22, and son Adam, two, had left the small Wiesbaden hotel in which he had lived for the past four months since leaving Poland.

His decision to leave the hotel was apparently prompted by a desire for orivacy after reponers found him there, police said. He was oucted in West German and foreign newspapers as saying he had applied for political asylum in West Germany a month ago and was hoping to emigrate to Australia.

He said he had not seen his father since leaving Poland.

more than a day last week to brief West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher on the situation in Poland. Police said Artur Rakowski had not made his application for asylum in Wiesbaden, but he could easily have made it elsewhere in

He did not get in touch with his father who visited Bonn for little

### WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Creator of 'Red Ryder' cartoons dies

PHOENIX. Arizona, Jan. 3 (A.P.) - Cartoonist and artist Fred Harman, the creator of the comic strip "Red Ryder" about the acventures of a cowboy, died of a stroke last night. He was 79. Raised on a Colorado ranch where he worked as a ranch hand, Harman became an illustrator in Kansas City during World War L. working with Walt Disney for the Film Ad Co. After spending several years in advertising, Harman went to Hollywood, where he lived for five years while creating an early comic strip, "Brone Peeler." He then moved to New York where for 24 years he created, drew and wrote the Red Ryder strip, which at one time was circulated in daily and Sunday newspapers.

Italians stage peace march

ROME, Jan. 3 (A.P.) - Some 3,000 Italians carrying torches marched from St. Peter's Square to the Quirinal presidential pulace in downtown Rome lastnight, chanting slogans for world peace and against hunger. The demonstrators, mostly young people, stopped pedestrians and cars to distribute leaflets. The march was organised by the Association for Life, Peace and Disarmament, a Christian group, and Food and Disarmament Intemetional, sponsored by the maverick radical Party. The twogroups said they plan to organise similar rallies in other major

### Assamese agitators move again

NEW DELHI, Jan. 3 (R) - Police used metal-tipped bamboo staves and teargas in Assam state yesterday to break up a demonstration in protest against the death of seven people in police actions over the past two days. The police opened fire during outbreaks of anti-immigration violence in the northeast Indian state. The Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency said 35 people were injured in the latest police action in Tezpur, in the Darrang District of Assam. Police have been cracking down on antiimmigrant agitators trying to disrupt road and rail traffic. The agitation against immigrants, mainly from Bangladesh, has been going on for more than two years and about 300 people have died. The Indian government has refused to yield to demands that all illegal immigrants should be evicted from Assam.

### Djibouti pardons seven dissidents

DJIBOUT! Jan. 3 (R) — Djibouti President Hassan Gouled today freed seven political detainees in a gesture of clemency to mark celebrations of the birth of the Prophet Mohammad. The seven, who included former Prime Minister Ahmad Dini Ahmad, were allegedly implicated in plans to form an opposition party last Spetember. Some of those arrested at that time were later released. The seven now released are Moussa Ahmad, Ahmad Dini Ahmad, Mohammad Ahmad Issak Cheiko, Mohammad Said Arab, Omar Osman Rabe, Hachi Abdillahi and Djama Ahmad



ANNOUNCES ITS 20% SALE ON THE FOLLOWING BRANDS OF MEN'S & CHILDREN SHOES

BALLY OF SWITZERLAND MAGLI BAPHAEL

BABY BOTTE

JABAL AMMAN-THIRD CIRCLE-JORDAN INSURANCE BLDG.

Honduras-Nicaragua Innih TEGUCIGALPA. Honduras. Jan. 3 (A.P.) — Honduras claimed vesterday that Nicaraguan troops

crossed its horder and killed more than 200 Nicaraguan refugee Ind-It said the government was serians in two December raids and hundreds of Honduran troops were sent toward the border in the Atlantic coast region, the defence ministry announced. The announcement said the

troops were sent starting Thursday "to neutralise the warlike actions of Nicaragua and to protect our own civilians as well as thousands of Nicaraguan refugees staying there." The troops were sent to the nor-

thwestern Gracias a Dios province by air since the only roads to the region link it with Nicaragua. Because of the remoteness of the region first-hand reports of the

alleged border violations were not available. In Managua, Nicaraguan army spokesman Roberto Sanchez said he had no information on the accusation by Honduras and gave no

further comment. The defence ministry statement claimed Nicaraguan troops attacked the towns of Mocoron, Auca, Tipia and Lemus on Dec. 26 with heavy rifle and mortar fire and on Dec. 31 entered towns on the Honduran side of the Segovia River, which forms the border between the Central American neighbours.

The statement said at least 200 of the 3,000 Nicaraguans classified as refugees in the area were

Most of the Nicaraguan refugees on the Atlantic coast of Honduras are Indians from the Miskito, Sumo or Rama tribes. Because of their conservative, protestant ways they have not mixed well with the two-year-old revolutionary government in Nicaragua and many have been accused of being "counterrevolutionaries.'

Official versions said the bodies of many Nicaraguan Indian refugees were found floating in the Segovia River and that the Horduran military was to include hory

ding an official team to the come a region to investigate that it is a list. and probably would file tifferi. protests to the Nicereguent and with the Organization of Almerican States.

Relations have been tent; between Nicaragua and Hinduras scalar

TOKYO, Jan. 3 7. — A 14.5

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Aspen and Crested Burns areas.

The service had reported 170 in

A 30-car pileupoinsed a postir to of interstate Highway 11 as the

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into Arizona. Ten paople meta

A spokesman for the -ulb. to

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tray consistency refuge in Honduras Lung unit after the revolution in piblish the Sandinista National antitudion From toppled the late Att. of Get. Anastasio Somoza. - ituations of border and air 15 Vie violations have been comand and several armed clashes ART a been reparted but none resat the in a lays of life so great as that reprined along the Atlantic-

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The Denver news team bad

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Cur teopie near Durango when

they were fitneed to land in a sno-

ough the upper midwest.

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current an entimpted 10,000 Nic-

facility to monitor Soviets in mini Shimbun quoted Jap- at the base, completed before last summer to replace a U.S. listening post withdrawn from northern Iran after the 1979 Iranian rev-

olution, the sources said. A spokesman for the U.S. embassy here said "there is nothing I can say (about the report)." There was no official comment immediately available in the United States or in Japan.

Last June, the New York Times and the NBC network carried reports that one or two listening posts manned by Chinese tecfinicians using U.S. equipment

had been set up in Xinjiang. At the time, the Chinese government denied knowledge of the listening posts while government spokesmen in Washington refused

to confrim or deny the reports. The Yomiuri said today the base had been designed for communications and reconnaissance and for monitoring Soviet nuclear experiments and other Soviet military activities. It also quoted the government

sources as saying that according to the information obtained through a third country, the United States and China had been negotiating on a plan to open Dalian near Peking to the U.S. Seventh Fleet as a port of call for food and water supplies.

In the United States, a State Department spokesman said he had no information on this.

But U.S. defence sources said that given the present state of relations between China and Washington it was unlikely any such talks on port facilities were going

### Yamani arrives for talks in Tokyo

TOKYO, Jan. 3 (R) — Sant Arabian Oil Minister Sheik Abmad Zaki Yamani, trek arrived here for talks will Prime Minister Zenko Suzuk and Foreign Minister Yoshi Sakurauchi. Mr. Yaman i expected to inform Japan of postponement of Crown Prince Fahd's scheduled visit her from Jan. 11, foreign ministysources said. A senior Sans official said on Dec. 26 the Prince Fahd had put off visits to Japan and the Unned States this month because of the porsent circumstances in the Mid-

### Chun Doo-hwan reshuffles cabinet

SEOUL Jan. 3 (A.P.) - Pre

sident Chun Doo-hwan toda

reshuffled his 21-member cab inet by changing his prime min ister, deputy prime ministra and four other ministers, it was announced today. A presidential spokesman, aug ouncing the partial shakem said that Chun named You Chang-soon, a 63-year-ox economist, as new prime misister replacing Nam Duck woo. Yoo, previously served a governor of the Central Bank of Korea, commerce and inti ustry minister and also ennomic planning minister. He was president of the Kerean Traders Association when he was named prime minister. The spokesman also said that Kin John-sung. 58, governor of the Central Bank of Korea, was named deputy prime minister and economic planning minister, succeeding Shin Byone

### Genscher to join Reagan-Schmidt talks

BONN, Jan. 3 (A.P.) - For eign Minister Hans-Dienit Genscher, following a meeting with a senior Polish official plans to fly to Washington tomorrow to join in talks between U.S. President Ronald Reagan and Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, the foreign minminister plans to fly to Washington from Brussels, site of Common Market foreign ministers conference which was called to work out a Westen European position on Poland

# Reagan and Schmidt set to hold

'meeting of minds' over Poland help coordinate the Western

this week for talks overshadowed

West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt meets President Reagan

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3 (R) — by the threat of a rift in the Western alliance over how to handle ponse. the Polish crisis. West German officials have President Reagan has moved made clear there are reservation

ahead of the European allies in imposing sanctions against Poland and the Soviet Union. He says Moscow is directly responsible for the repression that followed the

imposition of martial law in Poland on Dec. 13. West Germany, with more to lose than other Western countries from a collapse of East-West detente, says it has no evidence that

the Soviet Union instigated the military takeover. But U.S. and West German officials are playing down the dif-

The White House and the State Department have said they believe that eventually the Europeans will take some parallel actions to back up the U.S. sanctions.

Foreign ministers of the 10nation Enropean Economic Community meet in Brussels tomorrow to discuss the issue.

### Soviet factor in Polish crisis

U.S. officials said the Soviet factor in the Polisb crisis was likely to be the most difficult problem in Mr. Schmidt's talks with Mr. Rea-

But they stressed there were no differences between the United States and its allies on the urgent need for martial law in Poland to be lifted, for those detained to be released and for a process of reconciliation to start.

U.S. officials said they expected Mr. Reagan and Mr. Schmidt to have a "meeting of minds" without agreeing on identical pol-

Bonn government sources said a key aim of Tuesday's meeting would be to reach a common assessment of events in Poland since martial law was imposed, and to

which prompted them. The New York Times yesterd quoted Mr. Schmidt, who is ho idaying in Florida, as saying: "W

in Bonn not just about the wisdo

of sanctions, but also about the

U.S. analysis of events in Polas

selves against Poland." Bonn appreciates Jaruzekt

hate the news that comes out of

Poland ... but we would find it will

difficult to apply sanctions of

### The report said Mr. Schmid voiced greater concern over a pos

sible world economic depression than the crisis in Poland. West German officials said the saw the Polisb leader. Gen. Wor

ciech Jaruzelski, as basically a pal-

riot who took tough action order to head off possible Soviet intervention. They said Bonn wanted to avoi any action which could give Mos cow a pretext to march into Police

and, while at the same time ent ouraging Polish leaders to resum a dialogue with the church and the Solidarity free trade union. Bonn government sources said that apart from Poland, Mr. Schmidt's talks in Washington were certain to cover world ear.

nomic problems, including high U.S. interest rates which have had an impact in West Germany and other countries. Mr. Schmidt arrives in Was hington tomorrow afternoon and leaves on Wednesday morning. The visit, his third to Washington. since Mr. Reagan took office, was

arranged before the latest Polish crisis erupted. The chancellor will also have talks with Vice-President George

Bush, Secretary of State Alexander Haig and Defence Sec retary Caspar Weinberger.

### China strives to strike balance with world powers

DENVER, Colored to June 3 department of public safety said

(A.P.) — An Alaskan sem not force "single" raused the accident fixed enother breadside of the accident account to the accident

hnological breakthrough in developing both strategic and tactical missiles in 1981, an official spokesman said. New progress was also made on

a communications satellite, two

nuclear reactors for research purposes and on conventional military weapons, the official said, quoted by the New China News Reporting the breakthrough m missile development, the spo-kesman for Chinese defence sci-

ence and technology gave few details. The Peking government's developments in such fields normally are wrapped in secrecy. But China announced in September that it had launched three satellites aboard a single rocket. It

was its first multiple launching and described by Western experts as a major technological advance with significant military implications. Although the satellites were described as part of a space physics experiment, experts said the

be capable of placing multiple warheads aboard its alreadytested intercontinental ballistic China also tested an intermediate range ballistic missile last year, according to diplomatic

sources, although this was not

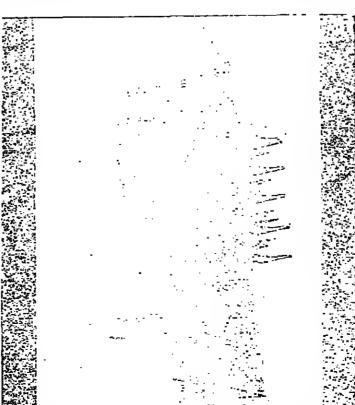
launch showed that China might

reported in the official press. The spokesman was quoted as saying China had made constant progress in missile development since its first successful nuclear missile test on Oct. 27, 1966.

In May, 1980, China test firen two intercontinental-range mis-

CHINA SCORED a tec- siles from northwest China .... the Pacific Ocean and is not helieved to have a handful of such weapons operational and times ... the Soviet Union.

to spottesman added that 1. Mileam Partitier progress in prodiving a nommunications satellife in similarchous, or stationary, artiti, but agget gave no details.



For the first time, China successfully usage its intercontinental ballistic missiles in May 1960. Firings from Lob stor base in Xianjiang, covered 9,600 kilometres in the chi distance between the Chinese-Soviet border and Moscow (Gamma photo)

He said a heavy water research reactor had been successfully rebuilt in 1981 and was working nor-

He was apparently referring to the refurbishing of a reactor first built in 1958 and given a new lease of life after in suffered from leakages and corrosion. The spokesman also said that a so-called high-flux reactor, whose existence was reported in the off-

icial media last February, was

working satisfactorily and was

being used for unspecified engmeering experiments. In recent months several Chinese officials have spoken of a need to press ahead with a civilian

nuclear power programme. On conventional weapons, the spokesman said the performance and quality of aircraft, warships, missiles, tanks, guns and communications equipment had been improved.

He said efforts were being con-'centrated on developing new equipment for the army over the next few years.

China's four million-strong People's Liberation Army (PLA) still relies largely on weapons based on outdated Soviet designs. Western experts believe a major re-equipment is unlikely for some time because of the huge costs involved.

China announced last month that defence expenditure for 1981 had been cut by 12.7 per cent as part of efforts to balance the bud-

